PROGRAM			TAR	GET POPUI	ATION				
	PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	PROGRAM DEVELOPER	Age	Gender	Ethnicity	TARGET SETTING	KEY OUTCOMES	KEY PROGRAM STRATEGIES	COST ESTIMATES
Across Ages Selective	Across Ages is a school— and community—based drug prevention program for youth 9 to 13 years, that seeks to strengthen the bonds between adults and youth and provide opportunities for positive community involvement. The unique and highly effective feature of Across Ages is the pairing of older adult mentors (age 55 and above) with young adolescents, specifically youth making the transition to middle school. The program employs mentoring, community service, social competence training, and family activities to build youths' sense of personal responsibility for self and community. Specifically, the program aims to: • Increase knowledge of health and substance abuse and foster healthy attitudes, intentions, and behavior toward drug use among targeted youth. • Improve school bonding, academic performance, school attendance, and behavior and attitudes toward school. • Strengthen relationships with adults and peers. • Enhance problem—solving and decisionmaking skills. The overall goal of the program is to increase the protective factors for high—risk students in order to prevent, reduce, or delay the use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs and the problems associated with such use. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Best Practice Model in Youth Violence Prevention: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Top 25, Positive Youth Development Program: U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Commendable Practice: Child Welfare League of America Model Program: Case Study for North America: United Nations Office of Drug Control Programs	Andrea S. Taylor, Ph.D. Center for Intergenerational Learning Temple University 1601 N. Broad Street, USB 206 Philadelphia, PA 19122 Phone: (215) 204–6970 Fax: (215) 204–3195 Email: ataylor@temple.edu Web site: www.temple.edu/cil/Acrossageshome.f Denise Logan Center for Intergenerational Learning Temple University Phone: (215) 204–8687 Fax: (215) 201–3195 Email: dlogan00@nimbus.ocis.temple.edu	9–13	Male and Female	African American Indian/Alasl Native Asian American Hispanic/La Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	Rural, Suburban, and Urban amiddle schools and community centers	Decreased substance use Decrease in tobacco and alcohol use Increased problem solving ability Increased school attendance Decreased suspensions from school Improved attitude toward adults Improved attitude toward school and the future	Pairing older adult mentors (55+) with middle school youth Community service Life management skills Family activities	Training: • \$1,000 per day, plus expenses • \$500 per day for onsite TA Materials: • \$75 Manual • \$25 Handbooks for parents, students • \$25 Elder Mentor Handbooks • \$65 Mentor Training Guide • \$25 Evaluation Protocol • \$25 Video • Materials also available in Spanish.

Al's Pals: Kids	Al's Pals: Kids Making Healthy Choices is a	Susan R. Geller	3–8	Male and	African	Rural,	• Increases in	Small group	Training:
Making Healthy Choices	resiliency-based early childhood curriculum and	President Wingspan LLC		Female	American White	Suburban, and Urban	prosocial behaviors	activities • Group discussions	• N/A
Choices	teacher training program that develops personal, social, and emotional skills in children 3 to 8 years	4196–A Innslake Dr.			winte	preschools,	• Reductions	Worksheet tasks	Materials:
Universal	old. Using 46 interactive lessons, Al's Pals teaches	Glen Allen, VA 23060				early	in problem	Videotaping	• N/A
	children how to:	Phone: (804) 967-9002				elementary	behaviors	• Games	
		Fax: (804) 967–9003				grades,	 Increases in 	 Art activities 	
	Express feelings appropriately	Email: sgeller@wingspanworks.com				after-school	positive		
	Use kind wordsCare about others	Web site: www.wingspanworks.com				programs, and child	coping		
	Use self—control					care	behaviors • Decreases		
	Think independently					centers	in negative		
	Accept differences						coping		
	 Make friends 						behaviors		
	Solve problems peacefully						Prevention		
	CopeMake safe and healthy choices						of increases in antisocial		
	Understand that tobacco, alcohol, and						and		
	illegal drugs are not for children						aggressive		
							behaviors		
	The lessons use guided creative play,								
	brainstorming, puppetry, original music, and movement to develop children's social-emotional								
	competence and life skills. A nine–lesson booster								
	curriculum is used in second or third grade with								
	children who have previously received the full								
	program.								
	Dogganition								
	Recognition								
	Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental								
	Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of								
	Health and Human Services								
	Promising Program: Safe, Disciplined and								
	Drug-Free Schools, U.S. Department of Education								
	Effective Program: Collaborative for Academic,								
	Social, and Emotional Learning (CASEL)								
All Stars TM		William B. Hansen,, Ph.D.	11–15	Male and	African	Rural,	Increased	Accurate beliefs	Training:
Universal	All Stars [™] is a school— or community—based program designed to delay and prevent high—risk	President Tangelwood Research Inc.		Female	American American	Suburban, and Urban	commitment to avoid	about peer norms • Perception on how	• \$3,000, plus expenses for up to 20 trainees
Selective	behaviors in middle school–age adolescents (11 to	7017 Albert Pick Road, Suite D				and Orban aschools and	high-risk	Perception on now substance abuse	up to 20 trainees
50.000.70	14 years old), including substance use, violence,	Greensboro, NC 27409			Native	communities	behaviors	affects preferred	Materials:
	and premature sexual activity, by fostering	Phone: (800) 826-4539, ext. 101			Asian		 Increased 	lifestyles	• \$165 Facilitator
	development of positive personal characteristics. A	Fax: (336) 662–0099			American		bonding to	Commitment to stay	
	highly interactive program, All Stars involves 9 to	Email: billhansen@tanglewood.net Web site: www.tanglewood.net			Hispanic/La Native	tino	school and	substance free	materials
	13 lessons during its first year, and 7 to 8 booster lessons in its second year.	web site: www.tangiewood.net			Hawaiian		peers • Positive	 Social and peer bonding 	• \$140 Community set for 20 students
	The second year.	Kathleen Simley			and Other		changes in	conding	• \$15 Commitment ring
	All Stars is based on strong research that has	Tangelwood Research Inc.			Pacific		substance		• \$8 T–shirt
	identified the critical factors that lead young people	Phone: (800) 822–7148			Islander		use and		Parental/take-home
	to begin experimenting with substances and participating in other high–risk behaviors. The	Email: kathleensimley@alltel.net			(NHOPI) White		violence		materials also available in Spanish.
	participating in other night-risk behaviors. The				Wille				Spanisii.

	program is designed to reinforce positive qualities that are typical of youth at this age; it works to strengthen five specific qualities that are vital to achieving preventive effects: Developing positive ideals and future aspirations Establishing positive norms Building strong personal commitments Promoting bonding with school and community organizations Promoting positive parental attentiveness All Stars is available in formats for delivery in schools as part of regular classroom instruction, and in after—school and community—based organizations and programs. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Promising Program: U.S. Department of Education								
Training and Learning to Avoid Steroids) Universal	ATLAS (Athletes Training and Learning to Avoid Steroids) is a multicomponent school–based program for male high school athletes (13 to 19 years old). It capitalizes on team—centered dynamics and uses positive peer pressure and role modeling to reduce the use of: • Anabolic steroids • Alcohol and other drugs • Performance—enhancing supplements Delivered to school sports team, with instruction led by student athlete peers and facilitated by coaches, ATLAS promotes healthy nutrition and exercise behaviors as alternatives to substance use. The 10–session curriculum is highly scripted and contains interactive and entertaining activities that make it easy and desirable to deliver, enhancing the fidelity of the intervention. The product of 10 years of research and field testing, ATLAS focuses specifically on adolescent male athletes' risk and protective factors.	Linn Goldberg, M.D. Division of Health Promotion and Sports Medicine Oregon Health Sciences University, CR 110 3181 SW Sam Jackson Park Road Portland, OR 97201 Phone: (503) 494–8051 Fax: (503) 494–1310 Email: goldberl@ohsu.edu Web site: www.atlasprogram.com	13–19	Male Only	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian American Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	athletic teams	Reduced steroid use Belief that coaches do not condone or tolerate steroid use Reduced use of alcohol and illicit drug use Reduced drinking and driving Reduction in use of Improved nutrition and exercise behaviors Increased feeling of self—	Knowledge of effects of steroids on body and on sport Healthy, natural alternatives to increasing muscle Anabolic steroid prevention Team centered, peer delivered, gender specific approach Understanding harm of illicit drugs and alcohol on athletic abilities	Training: • Not required. Available on request Materials: • \$149.95 full set

	Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary Program: U.S. Department of Education Effective Program: National Institute on Drug Abuse						efficacy as athletes • Stronger team mentality		
Border Binge-Drinking Reduction Program Universal	The Border Binge—Drinking Reduction Program provides multilevel, community—based interventions proven effective at reducing alcohol—related trauma caused by cross—border binge drinking by young Americans. Because the United States, Mexico, and Canada have significant disparities in the legal drinking age, the price of alcohol, and the enforcement of alcohol sales regulations, it is legal or easier for those under age 21 to obtain alcohol. Thousands of American teens and young adults (age 24 and below) are prompted to go into these nearby countries to binge drink. Consequently, an alarming number of young Americans return to the United States drunk, presenting a significant risk to themselves and the public through the increased potential for car crashes and other alcoholrelated violence. The Border Binge—Drinking Program is a binational effort that employs environmental management and media advocacy to curb these irresponsible drinking practices, including: • Regular surveys of youths returning from a night of drinking, including anonymous blood alcohol concentration (BAC) breath tests. • Strong media advocacy programs which use information from the surveys to characterize the problem and mobilize the community to action. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Institute for Public Strategies 148 E. 30th Street, Suite B National City, CA 91950 Phone: (406) 582–1488 Email: jamesbaker@publicstrategies.org Web site: www.publicstrategies.org/BORDER Pl Kim Herbstritt Operations and Planning Manager Institute for Public Strategies 148 E. 30th Street, Suite B National City, CA 91950 Phone: (619) 474–8844, ext 13 Fax: (619) 474–8838 Email: kherbstrett@publicstrategies.org Eileen Taylor Program Director Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation 11710 Beltsville Drive, Suite 300 Calverton, MD 20705–2719 Phone: (301) 755–2719	ROJECT.htm	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural and Urban communities	Reduced number of young Americans returning to the U.S. with illegal BACs after night of drinking in Mexico Reduced number of alcohol-relatinjury crashes among underage drinkers Reduced number of arrests for violence and other problems Increased awareness of new enforcement program	Enhance alcohol law enforcement on border Promote responsible beverage service practices Create binational youth service center Implement media advocacy programs ed	Training: • No formal training Materials: • No formal materials

Brief Alcohol Screening and Intervention for College Students (BASICS) Selective Indicated	BASICS, Brief Alcohol Screening and Intervention of College Students: A Harm Reduction Approach, is a preventive intervention for college students 18 to 24 years old. It is aimed at students who drink alcohol heavily and have experienced or are at risk for alcohol-related problems such as poor class attendance, missed assignments, accidents, sexual assault, and violence. Students often conform to patterns of heavy drinking they see as acceptable while holding false beliefs about alcohol's effects or actual alcohol-use norms. BASICS is designed to help students make better alcohol-use decisions. The program's style is empathetic, not confrontational or judgmental, and: • Reduces alcohol consumption and its adverse consequences • Promotes healthier choices among young adults • Provides important information and coping skills for risk reduction BASICS is conducted over the course of only two interviews, and these brief, limited interventions prompt students to change their drinking patterns. While research also shows that, over time, the majority of students who drink heavily will reduce consumption without the intervention, BASICS speeds the process. BASICS is designed to affect the individual; however, post-intervention students often comment that they respond differently to friends as a result of participation. Thus, if implemented densely (e.g., dormitory or other residential settings), BASICS may have a broader effect. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	G. Alan Marlatt, Ph.D. Addictive Behaviors Research Center Department of Psychology University of Washington Box 351525 Seattle, WA 98195 Phone: (206) 685–1395 Fax: (206) 685–1310 Email: marlatt@u.washington.edu John S. Baer Research Associate Professor Department of Psychology University of Washington 1600 S. Columbia Way Seattle, WA 98108 Phone: (206) 768–5224 Fax: (206) 764–2293 Email: jsbaer@u.washington.edu	18-24	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Suburban and Urban college campuses	• Report fewer negative consequences of alcohol use	Promotes healthier choices among young adults Provides important information and coping skills for risk reduction Reduce alcohol consumption and its adverse consequences	Developers of BASICS provide onsite and offsite training Please contact program developer for cost Materials N/A
Brief Strategic Family Therapy (BSFT) Indicated	Brief Strategic Family Therapy (BSFT) is an effective, problem–focused, and practical approach to the elimination of substance abuse risk factors. It successfully reduces problem behaviors in children and adolescents, 6 to 17 years, and strengthens their families. BSFT provides families with tools to decrease individual and family risk factors through focused interventions that improve problematic family relations and skill building strategies that strengthen families. It targets:	Jos" Szapocznik, Ph.D. Center for Family Studies, Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences University of Miami 1425 N.W. 10th Avenue Miami, FL 33136 Phone: (305) 243–8217 Fax: (305) 243–5577 Email: Jszapocz@med.miami.edu Web site: www.cfs.med.miami.edu Olga E. Hervis, M.S.W., L.C.S.W.	6–17	Male and Female	African American Hispanic/La	Rural, Suburban, and Urban homes, community social service agencies, clinics, and health agencies	Reduced conduct problems Improved self-concept Reduced association with antisocial peers Improved family	Engage resistant clients in therapy Diagnose strengths and weaknesses in family functioning Enhance strengths and correct weaknesses Build parenting skills Improve family communication,	Training: • Available in English or Spanish (length assessed by BSFT counselors) • \$2,000 per day, plus expenses for up to 30 participants Materials: • BSFT manual published by NIDA Spring 2002 • Books: Kurtines,

	Conduct problems Associations with anti–social peers Early substance use Problematic family relations The program fosters parental leadership, appropriate parental involvement, mutual support among parenting figures, family communication, problem solving, clear rules and consequences, nurturing, and shared responsibility for family problems. In addition, the program provides specialized outreach strategies to bring families into therapy. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Presidential Award: Society for Prevention Research Research Award: Center for Substance Abuse Prevention	Center for Family Studies University of Miami School of Medicine 1425 N.W. 10th Avenue Miami, FL 33136 Phone: (305) 243–7585 Fax: (305) 243–2320 Email: OHervis@med.miami.edu Web site: www.cfs.med.miami.edu					functioning and family participation in therapy • Reduced drug use	conflict resolution, and problem solving skills • Provide home–based services	William, and Szapocznik, Jose. Breakthroughs in Family Therapy with Drug Abusing and Problem Youth
CASASTART Selective Indicated	CASASTART (Striving Together to Achieve Rewarding Tomorrows) is a community-based, school-centered program designed to keep high-risk preadolescents (8 to 13 years old) free of drug and crime involvement. The central notion underlying the program is that while rates of experimentation with drugs and alcohol are similar for preadolescents from all backgrounds, those who lack effective human and social support are at higher risk of continuing and intensifying substance abuse. Using an intensive and coordinated marriage of preventive services and community-based law enforcement, CASASTART addresses the individual needs of participants as well as the broader problems of their families and communities. It operates on three levels to: • Build resiliency in the child • Strengthen families • Make neighborhoods safer for children and their families The program brings together key stakeholders in a community or neighborhood (schools, law enforcement, social services, and health agencies) under one umbrella and provides case managers to	Lawrence Murray, CSW CASA Fellow National Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse at Columbia University 633 Third Avenue, 19th Floor New York, NY 10017 Phone: (212) 841–5208 Fax: (212) 956–8020 Email: lmurray@casacolumbia.org Web site: www.casacolumbia.org	8-13	Male and Female	African American Hispanic/La White	Rural, Suburban, and Urban schools and communities	Reduced students reports of using gateway and stronger drugs Reduced association with delinquent peers and violent offenses Increased positive peer influence	Improve youths attachment to prosocial individuals and institutions Increase youths opportunities to achieve positive goals Provide parent education/training	Training: • \$1,300 per day for 6 days training in core program elements, plus expenses Materials • CASASTART field guide: \$50 • CASASTART Mission History: \$4.25 • Final Report II of Impact of the Children at Risk Program (CASASTART was formerly Children at Risk), May 1998: \$15 • Final Report of Impact of the Children at Risk Program, Volumes I and II, March 1997: \$17.50

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		work daily with high-risk children.								
		Recognition								
		Recognition								
		Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental								
		Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of								
		Health and Human Services Exemplary Program: Safe and Drug Free Schools								
		Program, U.S. Department of Education								
		Model Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and								
		Delinquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice								
		Promising Program: U.S. Surgeon General's Report on Youth Violence								
		Report on Fourit Violence								
		CASASTART was developed by The National								
		Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse (CASA)								
		at Columbia University. CASA is neither affiliated								
		with, nor sponsored by, the National Court Appointed Special Advocate Association (also								
		known as "CASA") or any of its member								
		organizations, or any other organization with the								
		name of "CASA."								
1	Challenging		Koreen Johannessen	18–24 and	Male and	African	Rural,	Reduced	Social norms media	Training:
			Campus Health Service	parents	Female	American	Suburban,	negative	marketing campaign	Requires consultation and
<u> </u>		social norms and environmental management	University of Arizona			American	and Urban	consequences	 Environmental 	school assessment
			P.O. Box 210021 Old Main 200W			Indian/Alask Native	college and university	of alcohol and illegal	management • Moderation skills	 Requires training on social marketing
		negative consequences in college students (18 to 24 years old). Under CCAA, the campus health service	Tucson, AZ 85721–0021			Asian	campuses	drug use	training	techniques, materials
		uses new and innovative methods to communicate	Phone: (520) 571–7849			American	and	Decreased	Alcohol–specific	development, and social
		public health information to students, the campus	Email: koreen@dakotacom.net			Hispanic/Lat	co mmunities	positive	prevention program	norms theory
		community, and the surrounding community to:	Web site: www.socialnorms.campus-health.net			Native Hawaiian		perceptions of alcohol		• Costs: TBA
		Correct misperceptions, increase	www.sociamorms.campus=neatur.net			and Other		use		Materials:
		knowledge, and change attitudes about				Pacific		Reduction		 Varies according to
		alcohol and drug use behaviors among				Islander		in alcohol		market research and
		undergraduate students • Change policies and practices related				(NHOPI) White		and illegal		testing at a given school • Costs: TBA
		to alcohol and drug use and abuse				winte		drug-related crimes		• Costs: 1BA
		among campus fraternity and sorority						• More		
		chapters						accurate		
		Change faculty, administration,						perception		
		parental, community, and policymaker perceptions to prevent perpetuation of						of students alcohol and		
		alcohol and drug myths						illegal drug		
		 Increase restrictions on alcohol 						use		
		availability and monitor on- and						• More		
		off–campus distribution and consumption						accurate perception		
		consumption						of negative		
		CCAA fosters development of policies that						consequences		
		establish and maintain a healthy and safe								
		environment for all students. It also seeks to develop community and civic partnerships and								
		collaborations in support of campus alcohol and								

	drug policies, and State and local laws. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Alcohol and Other Drug Prevention Model Program Award: U.S. Department of Education								
Child Development Project (CDP Universal	The Child Development Project (CDP) is a multifaceted, schoolwide improvement program that helps elementary schools become "caring communities of learners" for their students (5 to 12 years old). CDP significantly reduces children's early use of alcohol and marijuana and their involvement in violence—related behavior. CDP is designed to strengthen connections among peers and between students of different ages, teachers and students, and home and school, in order to promote: • School bonding: students commitment to, and engagement in, their school • Students interpersonal skills and commitment to positive values • Classroom and school—wide climate of safety, respect, caring, and helpfulness The program, which involves students in all grade levels, their families, teachers, and school administrators, prepares children to play responsible roles in their classrooms and schools so that later they can contribute to the wider society. The program has recently been streamlined and strengthened to make it more feasible and affordable to implement, and more effective at boosting literacy skills. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Promising Safe and Drug Free Schools Program: U.S. Department of Education Educational Programs That Work: U.S. Department of Education	Eric Schaps, Ph.D. Developmental Studies Center 2000 Embarcadero, Suite 305 Oakland, CA 94606–5300 Phone: (800) 666–7270 Fax: (510) 464–3670 Email: info@devstu.org Web site: www.devstu.org/csrd/cdp index.html Denise Wood Program Information Developmental Studies Center Oakland, CA 94606–5300 Phone: (800) 666–7270 ext. 239 Fax: (510) 464–3670 Email: info@devstu.org	5–12	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural, Suburban, and Urban elementary schools	Greater conflict resolution skills Increased bonding to school Greater conflict resolution skills Increased bonding to school Greater conflict resolution skills Greater	Bonding to school Parent involvement Peer bonding	Training: • \$6,000 for teams from up to 5 schools Materials: • \$460 school set • \$60 per teacher • \$10 per 50 parent materials • Parental/take—home materials also available in Spanish.
Children in the Middle	Children in the Middle is a skills–based program that helps children and parents deal with the	Donald A. Gordon, Ph.D Center for Divorce Education 340 W. State Street	Parents and children 3–15	Male and Female	Asian American Hispanic/Lat	Rural and Urban Settings in	• Decreased children's exposure to	 Parents mandated to attend classes in their communities 	Training: • N/A

Selective	children's reactions to divorce. Divorcing parents may use their children to manipulate and/or control each other around a variety of personal, social, and financial issues. These tactics increase the stress and anxiety typically experienced by children of divorce and can increase children's risk for behavior problems, depression, delinquency, substance use, teen pregnancy, school failure and dropout, and suicide. Built around a 37—minute video for parents and a 30—minute video for children (Children in the Middle needs no special training or licensing to implement, and seeks to alleviate children's problems such as • Loss of concentration and attention • Declining grades and behavior problems at school • Withdrawal from friends • Emotional outbursts and health problems • Serious anger with one or both parents • Delinquency and substance use The parent video teaches parents the skills needed to avoid putting children in the middle of their conflicts. The child video helps children understand why parents divorce. It dispels common myths that children have about divorce (e.g., "It's my fault" or "I can get my parents back together") and teaches children stress and anger management and problem—solving skills. The parent video is available open—captioned or in Spanish. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Positive Parenting Award: Children's Rights Council	Room 135C, Unit 8 Athens, OH 4570145701 Phone: (740) 593–9505; Toll Free: 1(866) 234–WISE Fax: Fax: (541) 482–2829 Email: gordon@ohio.edu Web site: www.divorce-education.com/			Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	schools, social service agencies, community colleges	parental conflict Decreased stress children experienced Increased parental communicatio skills	One or two 90- to 120-minute class sessions are typical The 37-minute Children in the Middle video shown in first class Workbook exercises and role-plays give parents a chance to practice new skills Children's programs may be held at school, mental health practitioner, or in groups at social service agencies. Parents and children view 30-minute child-focused video together Parents and children complete workbook exercises at home or at practitioner's office with guidance from the practitioner Family counselor incorporates materials into a treatment plan consisting of 4 to 10 sessions over 2 to 4 months. Parents given What About the Children booklet and Parents and Children's Guidebook to study and complete exercises at home.	
Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Child Sexual Abuse (CBT-CSA) Selective Indicated	Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Child Sexual Abuse (CBT–CSA) is a treatment approach designed to help children and adolescents who have suffered sexual abuse overcome posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD), depression, and other behavioral and emotional difficulties. The program helps children to: • Learn about child sexual abuse as well as healthy sexuality • Therapeutically process traumatic	Esther Deblinger, Ph.D. Clinical Director Center for Children Support University of Medicine and Dentistry of NJ School of Osteopathic Medicine 42 East Laurel Road, Suite 1100B Stratford, NJ 08084 Phone: (856) 566–7036 Fax: (856) 655–6108 Email: deblines@umdni.edu Web site: www.hope4families.com	3–18	Male and Female	African American Hispanic/Lat White	Rural, Suburban, and Urban in public and private clinics and community settings	• Greater improvement with respect to PTSD, depression, and acting out behaviors as compared to children assigned to the	Education about child sexual abuse and healthy sexuality Coping skills training, including relaxation, emotional expression, and cognitive coping Gradual exposure and processing of	Training: • N/A Materials: • N/A

	memories Overcome problematic thoughts, feelings, and behaviors Develop effective coping and body safety skills The program emphasizes the support and involvement of nonoffending parents or primary caretakers and encourages effective parent—child communication. Cognitive behavioral methods are used to help parents learn to cope with their own distress and respond effectively to their children's behavioral difficulties. This CBT approach is suitable for all clinical and community—based mental health settings and its effectiveness has been documented for both individual and group therapy formats. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						community control condition. • Parents who participated in a CBT-CSA group showed greater improvement with respect to emotional distress and intrusive thoughts related to their children's sexual abuse.	traumatic memories and reminders • Personal body safety skills training	
Communities Mobilizing for Change on Alcohol (CMCA) Universal	Communities Mobilizing for Change on Alcohol (CMCA) is a community—organizing program designed to reduce adolescent (13 to 20 years old) access to alcohol by changing community policies and practices. Initiated in 1991, CMCA has proven that effectively limiting the access to alcohol to people under the legal drinking age not only directly reduces teen drinking, but also communicates a clear message to the community that underage drinking is inappropriate and unacceptable. CMCA employs a range of social organizing techniques to address legal, institutional, social, and health issues in order to reduce youth alcohol use by eliminating illegal alcohol sales to youth by retailers and obstructing the provision of alcohol to youth by adults. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Alexander C. Wagenaar, Ph.D. Alcohol Epidemiology Program, Community Health Education University of Minnesota 1300 South Second Street, Suite 300 Minneapolis , MN 55454–1015 Phone: (612) 624–8370 Fax: (612) 624–0315 Email: wagenaar@epi.umn.edu Web site: www.epi.umn.edu/alcohol/ Becky Mitchell Coordinator Alcohol Epidemiology Program, Community Health Education University of Minnesota	13–20	Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural, Suburban, and Urban communities	Reduction in sales to minors Reduction in sales to minors Increased identification checks by vendors Increased identification checks by vendors Community mobilization	Environmental strategy Limit minors access to alcohol through community mobilization	Training: No official training Materials: No formal curriculum
Community Trials Intervention to Reduce High-Risk	Community Trials to Reduce High–Risk Drinking (RHRD) is a multicomponent, community–based program developed to alter alcohol use patterns of people of all ages (e.g., drinking and driving,	Harold D. Holder, Ph.D. Director Prevention Research Center 2150 Shattuck Avenue, Suite 900 Berkeley, CA 94704	All age groups within a community	Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural, Suburban, and Urban communities	 Reduced driving when over the legal limit 	 Community mobilization to support prevention interventions Facilitating 	Training: • Initial telephone consultation provided at no charge. • Costs for additional

Drinking (RHRD) Universal	underage drinking, acute (binge) drinking), and related problems. The program uses a set of environmental interventions including: • Community awareness • Responsible Beverage Service (RBS) • Preventing underage alcohol access • Enforcement • Community mobilization The program's aim is help communities reduce various types of alcohol—related accidents, violence, and resulting injuries. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Phone: (510) 486–1111 Fax: (510) 644–0594 Web site: www.PREV.org Andrew J. Treno, Ph.D. Prevention Research Center Phone: (510) 486–1111 ext. 139 Fax: (515) 644–0594 (fax) Email: andrew@prev.org					Reduced amount consumed per drinking occasion Reduced traffic crashes in which driver had been drinking Reduced assault injuries	responsive beverage service Training local retailers and increasing enforcement to reduce underage access Increase enforcement and sobriety checkpoints to increase actual and perceived risk of arrest Develop local restrictions on access via zoning and other controls	technical assistance, if needed, is negotiated. Materials: • Materials provided at reproduction cost. • Materials also available in Spanish.
Coping with Work and Family Stress Universal Selective Indicated	Coping With Work and Family Stress: A Workplace Preventive Intervention, is a 16–session weekly group intervention designed to teach employees how to develop and apply effective coping strategies to deal with stressors at work and at home. The program results in—	Department of Psychiatry Yale University Email: susan.zimmerman@vale.edu	18–54	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural, Urban	Significant reduction in work and family stressors Significant increase in problem—solving and cognitive coping strategies Significant reductionin the use of avoidance coping strategies Significant reductionin the use of avoidance coping strategies Significant increase in social support from supervisors and co—workers Significant reduction in the use of alcohol and other drugs Significant reduction in depression, anxiety, and	Release time provided by companies allowing consistent participation of employees Teach methods to potentially eliminate or modify sources of stress Teach techniques that help to modify cognitive and appraisal processes that lead to stress Stress management Reducing the use of avoidance coping and other negative tension—reducing behaviors Develop personalized stress management plans	Training: • N/A Materials: • N/A

							somatic complaints		
Creating Lasting Family Connections (CLFC) Universal Selective Indicated	Creating Lasting Family Connections (CLFC) is a comprehensive family strengthening, substance abuse, and violence prevention curriculum that has scientifically demonstrated that youth and families in high–risk environments can be assisted to become strong, healthy, and supportive people. Program results, documented with children 11 to 15 years, have shown significant increases in children's resistance to the onset of substance use and reduction in use of alcohol and other drugs. CLFC provides parents and children with strong defenses against environmental risk factors by teaching appropriate skills for personal growth, family enhancement, and interpersonal communication, including refusal skills for both parents and youth. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Model Family Strengthening Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Promising Program: U.S. Department of Education Special Recognition Award: Office of National Drug Control Policy YouthNet Model Program: Selected for worldwide replication by the International Youth Foundation	Ted N. Strader, M.S. Council on Prevention and Education: Substances, Inc. (COPES) 845 Barret Avenue Louisville, KY 40204 Phone: (502) 583–6820 Fax: (502) 583–6832 Email: tstrader@sprynet.com Web site: www.copes.org/include/clfc.htm	11–15 and parents	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	centers, churches, and	Increased child resiliency Increased involvement in setting family norms on substance abuse Delayed onset of substance use	Alcohol and drug information Parenting skills Communication skills	Training: • \$750 per person, plus expenses for 5 days • \$1,500 per person, plus expenses for 10 days Materials: • \$1,125 for 6 training manuals, 150 participant notebooks, and 6 poster sets • Materials also available in Spanish at the same cost.
DARE To Be You (DTBY) Universal Selective	DARE To Be You (DTBY) is a multilevel, primary prevention program for children 2 to 5 years old and their families. It significantly lowers the risk of future substance abuse and other high-risk activities by dramatically improving parent and child protective factors in the areas of communication, problem solving, self-esteem, and family skills. Program interventions are designed to: • Improve parents' sense of competence and satisfaction with being a parent • Provide parents with knowledge and understanding of appropriate child management strategies • Improve parents' and children's	Jan Miller-Heyl, M.S. Colorado State University Cooperative Extension 215 N. Linden Cortez, CO 81321 Phone: (970) 565–3606 Fax: (970) 565–4641 Email: darecort@coop.ext.colostate.edu Web site: www.coopext.colostate.edu/DTBY/	2–5 and parents	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian American Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	centers and pre-schools	Increased parent efficacy Decreased use of harsh punishment Increased child development skills	 Parenting skills Youth coping skills 	Training: • \$3,000 for up to 40 participants (this includes materials) Materials: • \$46 community leader manual • \$150 set of K-12 school curriculum • \$32 parent training guide • \$32 pre-school activity guide • \$60 parent and pre-school training set • \$45 Spanish/English

	relationships with their families and peers • Boost children's developmental levels DTBY program materials are available in English and Spanish. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary Program: National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors and the National Prevention Network Building Human Capital Award: U.S. Department of Agriculture Distinguished Service Award: Cooperative Extension Service Excellence in Prevention: Colorado Governor's Award Champion for Children and Families, Individual Award: Colorado Mothers, Inc.								edition parent training guide Other guides and supplemental materials are available
Indicated	competency enhancement program that targets elementary school children (6 to 10 years old) who are at high risk for early development of conduct problems, including substance use. Early Risers is	Gerald J. August, Ph.D. University of Minnesota F256/2B West 2450 Riverside Avenue Minneapolis, MN 55454–1495 Phone: (612) 273–9711 Fax: (612) 273–9779 Email: augus001@tc.umn.edu	6–10 and parents	Male and Female	African American White	Rural and Urban schools and community centers	Improved social skills and academic achievement Increased parent involvement Reduced impulsive behaviors	Information dissemination Prevention education Problem identification and referral Information education Information education Information education Information Informatio	Training: • N/A Materials: • Program costs \$1,500 to \$3,200 per year for one child

	The enhanced competence gained through the Early Risers program leads to the development of positive self—image, independent decisionmaking, healthy problem solving, assertive communication, and constructive coping. Once acquired, these attributes and skills collectively enable youth to resist personal and social forces that encourage early substance use and potential abuse and dependency. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							
Families And Schools Together (FAST) Universal Selective Indicated	Families and Schools Together (FAST) is a multifamily group intervention designed to build protective factors and reduce the risk factors associated with substance abuse and related problem behaviors for children 4 to 12 years old and their parents. FAST systematically applies research on family stress theory, family systems theory, social ecological theory, and community development strategies to achieve its four goals: • Enhanced family functioning • Prevention of school failure by the targeted child • Prevention of substance abuse by the child and other family members • Reduced stress from daily life situations for parents and children One of the primary strategies of FAST is parent empowerment: parents receive support to be the primary prevention agents for their own children. Entire families participate in program activities that are designed to build parental respect in children, improve intra-family bonds, and enhance the family-school relationship. FAST activities were developed to build the social capital of parents and provide a safe place to practice parenting. As a result of this program, the participating children increase their social skills and attention span, while reducing their anxiety and aggression. Research has shown that these childhood behavioral outcomes are correlated in adolescence to the prevention of substance abuse, delinquency, and school failure. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Service Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Lynn McDonald, Ph.D., M.S.W. Wisconsin Center for Education Research University of Wisconsin–Madison 1025 W. Johnson Street Madison, WI 53706 Phone: (608) 263–9476 Fax: (608) 253–6338 Email: mrmcdona@facstaff.wisc.edu Web site: www.wcer.wisc.edu/fast Ms. Pat Davenport CEO FAST National Training Center 2801 International Training Center Madison, WI 53704 Phone: (608) 663–2382 Fax: (608) 663–2336 Email: fast@chorus.net Web site: www.wcer.wisc.edu/fast/	4–12 and parents/famil	Male and iEsmale	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian American Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	Improved child classroom and home behaviors, including improved attention span, reduced aggression, reduced anxiety/depre improved social skills Improved academic competence performance Increased family closeness community involvement Increased parental involvement in school parental self—sufficiency	Outreach Multifamily group sessions Ongoing monthly multi-family reunions Social skills Family/parent-child bonding Family/parent-school bonding ssion,	Training: • \$3,900 (includes TA) • Plus \$1,000 for evaluation Implementation Costs: • Vary from \$300–\$2,000 per family, largely depending on staffing

	Family Strengthening Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice School Reform Model: Office of Education for At–Risk Students, U.S. Department of Education Innovation in Government (finalist): Harvard School of Government and Ford Foundation								
Family Effectiveness Training (FET) Indicated	Family Effectiveness Training (FET) is a family—based program developed for and targeted to Hispanics. It is effective in reducing risk factors and increasing protective factors for adolescent substance abuse and related disruptive behaviors. FET, applied in the pre—adolescent years (6 to 12), targets three family factors that place children at risk as they make the transition to adolescence: 1) problems in family functioning, 2) parent—child conflicts, and 3) cultural conflicts between children and parents. FET uses two primary strategies: 1. Didactic lessons and participatory activities that help parents master effective family management skills 2. Planned family discussions in which the therapist/facilitator intervenes to correct dysfunctional communications between or among family members Interventions employed by FET cover: • Normal family changes during the transition to adolescence and related conflict resolution • Substance use and adolescent alternatives to using • Parent and family supervision of children and their peer relationships • Family communication and parenting skills Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Presidential Award: Society for Prevention Research	Jos" Szapocznik, Ph.D. Spanish Family Guidance Center Center for Family Studies Department of Psychiatry Behavior 1425 N.W. 10th Avenue Miami, FL 33136 Phone: (305) 243–8217 Fax: (305) 243–5577 Email: Jszapocz@med.miami.edu Web site: www.cfs.med.miami.edu Olga E. Hervis, MSW, LCSW Center for Family Studies University of Miami School of Medicine 1425 N.W. 10th Avenue Miami, FL 33136 Phone: (305) 243–7585 Fax: (305) 243–7585 Fax: (305) 243–2320 Email: OHervis@med.miami.edu Web site: www.cfs.med.miami.edu Web site: www.cfs.med.miami.edu	Families with children 6–12	Male and Female	Hispanic/Lat	Roburban and Urban community agencies, schools, clinics, churches, youth centers	Reduction in child conduct problems Reduction in child associations with antisocial peers Reduction in child irresponsible behaviors Improvement in child self—concept Improvement in family functioning	Beffective parenting skills Family communication and problem solving skills Family development Bicultural effectiveness training Brief strategic family therapy	Training: • A second training would focus on troubleshooting Materials: • \$18,000 includes training and supervision

	Research Award: Center for Substance Abuse Prevention								
	Family Matters is a home–based program designed to prevent tobacco and alcohol use in children 12 to 14 years old. The program is delivered through four booklets mailed to the home and follow–up telephone calls to parents by health educators. The booklets contain readings and activities designed to get families to consider general family characteristics and family tobacco– and alcohol–use attitudes and characteristics that can influence adolescent substance use, including: • Adult supervision and support • Rule–setting and monitoring • Family communication, attachment, and time together • Education encouragement • Family/adult substance use • Substance availability • Peer attitudes and media orientation toward substance use Designed for use with any family in which at least one adult can read English, Family Matters requires a modest time effort from participants and is capable of broad dissemination by many types of organizations. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Karl Bauman N/A 513 Dogwood Drive Chapel Hill, NC 27516 Phone: please contact via e-mail Email: kbauman@mindspring.com	12–14 and parents/fami	Male and iEsmale	African American White	Rural and Urban settings in homes	Reduced prevalence of adolescent cigarette smoking and alcohol use for non-Hispanic White adolescents	Provide alcohol and drug information Develop resistance skills Provide parent training Develop family strengths	Training: • N/A Materials: • N/A
Guiding Good Choices (GGC) Universal	Families That CareGood Choices (GGC) is a multimedia program that gives parents of children in grades four through eight (8 to 13 years old) the knowledge and skills needed to guide their children through early adolescence. Over the last 20 years, research has shown that positive parental involvement is an important protective factor that increases school success and buffers children against later problems such as substance abuse, violence, and risky sexual behaviors. This program aims to: • Strengthen and clarify family expectations for behavior • Enhance the conditions that promote bonding in the family	Richard Catalano, Ph.D. Program Contact Channing Bete Company One Community Place South Deerfield, MA 01373 Phone: (877) 896–8532 Fax: (800) 499–6464 Email: PrevSci@channing_bete.com Web site: www.preventionscience.com/FTC/GGC J. David Hawkins, Ph.D. Ask for the Prevention Science Customer Service Representative Program Background or training: Ask for the Prevention Science	Parents of children 8 to 13	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian American Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	communities and others	Prevent teen alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drug use Build family bonding Teach refusal skills Teach parenting skills to reduce risk factors in their families Strengthen	Social Development Strategy Begin with healthy beliefs and clear standards in families, schools, communities, and peer groups Build bonding, attachment, and commitment by providing opportunities, skills, and recognition while nurturing individual characteristics	Training: • \$4,750 (plus trainer expenses) for up to 12 people, plus \$105 materials fee per person Materials: • \$729 for 1–9 Curriculum Kits • \$12 each for 1–9 Family Guides • Discounts are provided for large orders.

	Teach skills to parents and children that allow children to successfully meet the expectations of their family to resist drug use Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Programs That Work: National Institute on Drug Abuse, National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Promising Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice Promising Program: U.S. Department of Education	Account Manager					family bonding in parents		
Universal	The Healthy Workplace program is a set of workplace substance abuse prevention interventions that reduce unsafe drinking, illegal drug use, and prescription drug abuse while improving the health practices of adult workers. Cast in a health promotion framework and rooted in social—cognitive principles of behavior change, the program integrates substance abuse prevention material into popular health promotion programs, defusing the stigma that accompanies substance abuse, thus removing barriers to help—seeking behavior. The Healthy Workplace program achieves results because it: • Reaches the mainstream of workers through the positive vehicle of health promotion • Raises awareness of the benefits of healthful practices and the hazards of using alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drugs, and misusing legal drugs • Teaches employees specific techniques for improving health and reducing use of alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drugs • Uses carefully constructed videos to raise self—efficacy and provide models for how healthful practices can be embraced and substance abuse reduced Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of	Royer F. Cook, Ph.D. President The ISA Group 201 North Union Street, Suite 330 Alexandria, VA 22314 Phone: 703–739–0880 Fax: 703–739–0462 Email: rcook@isagroup.com Web site: www.centerforworkforcehealth.com Rebekah Hersch, Ph.D. The ISA Group 201 North Union Street, Suite 330 Alexandria, VA 22314 Phone: (703) 739–0880 Fax: (703) 739–0462 Email: rhersch@isagroup.com Web site: www.centerforworkforcehealth.com	18–55	Male and Female	African American Asian American Hispanic/Lat White	Urban and Suburban workplaces ino	Reduction in alcohol and drug use Improvements in other health measures, such as stress coping abilities and dietary practices	To reach the mainstream of workers tuses positive vehicle of health promotion Raises awareness of the benefits of healthful practices and the hazards of using alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drugs, and misusing legal drugs Teaches employees specific techniques for improving health and reducing use of alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drugs Uses videos to raise self–efficacy and provide models of healthful practices	Training N/A Materials N/A

	Health and Human Services								
Program Universal	people, materials, events, and ideas • Become independent, responsible, and confident, ready for school and ready for life • Learn to plan and execute activities, then talk with other children and teachers about what they have done and what they have learned (Plan–Do–Review)	600 N. River Street Ypsilanti, MI 48198–2898 Phone: (734) 485–2000 Fax: (734) 485–2704 Email: info@highscope.org Web site: www.highscope.org Web site: www.highscope.org Clay Shouse Director of Educational Services High/Scope Educational Research Foundation 600 N. River Street Ypsilanti, MI 48198–2898 Phone: (734) 485–2000 ext. 221 Fax: (734) 485–4467 Email: cshouse@highscope.org Kathy Woodard Director of Marketing Sales High/Scope Educational Research Foundation 600 N. River Street	3–5	Male and Female	African American Indian/Alask Native Asian American Hispanic/Lar Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	nursery schools, Head Start	Intervention children do significantly better throughout childhood and adulthood than comparison group	Implement High/Scope preschool curriculum Introduce training methodology Provide specialized two–part assessment system	Training: • N/A Materials: • N/A

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Incredible Years	The Incredible Years series features three	Carolyn Webster-Stratton, Ph.D.	Parents of	Male and	African	Rural,	Reduced	• Improve	Training:
	comprehensive, multi-faceted, and	Incredible Years	children	Female	American	Suburban,	behavior	communication	• \$1,300 per day, plus
Selective	developmentally based curricula for parents,	1411 8th Avenue West	2-8		Asian	and Urban	problems	skills	expenses; training in
Indicated	teachers, and children. The program is designed to	Seattle, WA 98119			American	pre-schools	 Increased 	 Limit setting 	Seattle would be less
	promote emotional and social competence and to	Phone: (206) 285–7565			Hispanic/La		prosocial	 Nonviolent 	
	prevent, reduce, and treat behavioral and emotional	Fax: (206) 285–7565			Native	elementary	behavior	discipline techniques	
	problems in young children (2 to 8 years old).	Email: incredibleyears@seanet.com			Hawaiian	schools	 Improved 	 Problem solving 	 Prices vary
		Web site: www.incredibleyears.com			and Other		family	 Anger management 	 All four Basic Program
	Young children with high rates of aggressive				Pacific		relationships	 Parent, Teacher, and 	parent training materials
	behavioral problems have been shown to be at great				Islander		 Improved 	Child training	cost \$1,300
	risk for developing substance abuse problems,	Administrative Director			(NHOPI)		bonding to	groups	 Materials also available
	becoming involved with deviant peer groups,	Incredible Years			White		school		in Spanish.
	dropping out of school, and engaging in	Phone: Toll Free: 888-506-3562							
	delinquency and violence. Ultimately the aim of the								
	teacher, parent, and child training programs is to								
	prevent and reduce the occurrence of aggressive								
	and oppositional behavior, thus reducing the chance								
	of developing later delinquent behaviors.								
	Incredible Years addresses multiple risk factors								
	known to be related to the development of conduct								
	disorders in children in both school and home. In all								
	three training programs, trained facilitators use								
	videotaped scenes to structure the content and								
	stimulate group discussion and problem solving.								
	Recognition								
	Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental								
	Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services								
	Health and Human Services								
	Model Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and								
	Delinquency Prevention								
	Definiquency Flevention								
	U.S. Leila Rowland National Mental Health								
	Award								
	Awaru								
Keep A Clear		Chudley Werch, Ph.D., FAAHB	8-12	Male and	Multiple	Rural,	Greater	Parent-child	Training:
Mind (KACM)	Keep A Clear Mind (KACM) is a take-home drug	Health Education Projects Office	0-12	Female	Ethnic	Suburban,	knowledge	interaction	Although no formal
Willia (KACWI)	education program for upper elementary school	HP 326A		Ciliaic	Groups	and Urban	of effects of	Alcohol and drug	training is required, an
Universal	students (8 to 12 years old) and their parents. The	University of Arkansas			White	schools and	tobacco	knowledge	undergraduate degree
Universal		Fayetteville, AR 72701			winte	homes	• Reduction	Kilowiedge	(teacher
	take-home material consists of 4 weekly sets of	Phone: (479) 575–5639				nomes	in onset of		`
	activities to be completed by parents and their children together. The program also uses parent	Fax: (479) 575–5639 Fax: (479) 575–6401					substance		training/certification) is required
	newsletters and incentives.	Web site: www.keepaclearmind.com							required
	newsieuers and incentives.	web site: www.keepaciearmind.com					use		Materials:
	KACM lessons are based on a social skills training	Michael Young							• \$3.95 per student
		Health Education Projects Office							
	model and designed to help children develop	Phone: (479) 575–5639							Materials available in Spanish.
	specific skills to refuse and avoid the use of	` '							
	"gateway" drugs. This unique, early intervention	Fax: (479) 575–6401							Parental/take-home materials also available in
	program has been shown to positively influence	Email: meyoung@comp.uark.edu							materials also available in
	known risk factors for later substance use.								Spanish.
	Recognition								
	recognition								

Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
The keepin' it REAL (Refuse, Explain, Avoid, Leave) program is a videoenhanced intervention that uses a culturally—grounded resiliency model which incorporates traditional ethnic values and practices that protect against drug use. A school—based prevention program for elementary, middle, and early high school students 10 through 17 years of age, keepin' it REAL is based on previous work that demonstrates that teaching communication and life skills can combat negative peer and other influences. keepin' it REAL extends resistance and life—skills models by using a	Michael L. Hecht, Ph.D. Professor and Department Head Pennsylvania State University Department of Communication Arts and Sciences 234 Sparks Building University Park, PA 16802–5201 Phone: 814–865–3461 Fax: 517–863–7986 Email: mlh10@psu.edu Web site: http://cas.la.psu.edu/drsp/drsp.htm Flavio Francisco Marsiglia, Ph.D. Arizona State University AZ	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Hispanic/Lat White	Better behavioral and psychosocial outcomes, including reduction and cessation of substance use, increased repertoire of resistance skills, more frequent use of those skills, and internalizing mediators of substance use such as highly developed and well-articular personal anti-drug norms. Significantly less substance use, especially alcohol. Increased adoption of strategies to resist using alcohol, cigarettes, and marijuana. Retention of unfavorable attitudes against someone their age using substances.	Skill development/ Substance abuse education Behavior modification Problem identification and referral Booster sessions/ Media/Publicity campaigns Social and Emotional Competence skill building ed	Training: • N/A Materials: • N/A

Leadership and Resiliency Program (LRP) Selective Indicated	The Leadership and Resiliency Program (LRP) is a school— and community—based program for high school students (14 to 17 years of age) that works to enhance youths' internal strengths and resiliency, while preventing involvement in substance use and violence. Program components include: • Resiliency Groups held at least weekly during the school day • Alternative Adventure Activities that include ropes courses, white water kayaking, camping, and hiking trips • Community Service in which participants are active in a number of community— and school—focused projects These alternative activities, offered after school, on weekends, and during the summer, focus on community service, altruism, learning about managed risk, social skills improvement, and conflict resolution. Recognition	Laura Yager, M.Ed., LPC, CPP-ATOD Director Prevention Services, Alcohol and Drug Services Fairfax—Falls Church Community Services Board 3900 Jermantown Road, Suite 200 Fairfax, VA 22030 Phone: (703) 934–5476 Fax: (703) 934–8742 Email: Laura.Yager@fairfaxcounty.gov	14–17	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural, Suburban, and Urban schools and communities	Perception that their peers' increase in substance use experimentation was significantly lessthan previously believed The curriculum develops and strengthens existing prosocial attitudes and behaviors, core resistance skills that are transferable to many other life situations Reduced absences and school disciplinary reports Increased GPAs and graduation rates Strengthened resiliency Minimized impact of risk factors	Provide youth with access to a broad spectrum of activities Weekly small group (7–10) meetings After school volunteer options Substance abuse and violence prevention	Training: • \$3,200 plus transportation and lodging/meals • In addition, each locality will need to work with LRP staff to coordinate alternative activity training site and equipment. Materials: • Curriculum: available via e—mail (through a downloadable file): \$100 • Hard copy of Curriculum: \$150 (includes postage)
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	Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Best Practices in Science–Based Programming: Washington Metropolitan Council of Governments Achievement Award: National Association of Counties Governor's Recognition: Commonwealth of Virginia								
LifeSkills Training (LST) Universal	LifeSkills Training (LST) is a program that seeks to influence major social and psychological factors that promote the initiation and early use of substances. LifeSkills has distinct elementary (8 to 11 years old) and middle school (11 to 14 years old) curricula that are delivered in a series of classroom sessions over 3 years. The sessions use lecture, discussion, coaching, and practice to enhance students' self—esteem, feelings of self—efficacy, ability to make decisions, and ability to resist peer and media pressure. LST consists of three major components that address critical domains found to promote substance use. Research has shown that students who develop skills in these three domains are far less likely to engage in a wide range of high—risk behaviors. The three components each focus on a different set of skills: • Drug Resistance Skills enable young people to recognize and challenge common misconceptions about substance use, as well as deal with peers and media pressure to engage in substance use. • Personal Self—Management Skills help students to examine their self—image and its effects on behavior, set goals and keep track of personal progress, identify everyday decisions and how they may be influenced by others, analyze problem situations, and consider the consequences of alternative solutions before making decisions. • General Social Skills give students the necessary skills to overcome shyness, communicate effectively and avoid misunderstandings, use both verbal and nonverbal assertiveness skills to make	Gilbert J. Botvin, Ph.D. National Health Promotion Associates, Inc. 711 Westchester Avenue White Plains, NY 10604 Phone: (800) 293–4969 or (914) 421–2525 Fax: (914) 683–6998 Email: LSTinfo@nhpanet.com Web site: www.lifeskillstraining.com Chris Williams National Health Promotion Associates, Inc.	8–14	Male and Female	African American Asian American Hispanic/Lat White	Rural, Suburban, and Urban elementary and middle school	Reductions in alcohol, tobacco, and illicit drug use	Life skills Drug resistance skills Social and self—management skills	Training: • \$100 per day, per person (plus trainer expenses, if on—site training). Includes training folder, but not curriculum; should purchase materials prior and bring to training. Number of days varies with training type/level • Minimum of 20 participants required for on—site training • Trainings are posted at www.lifeskillstraining.com • To schedule training, call National Health Promotion Associates (NHPA) at 1–800–293–4969. Materials: • Pricing posted on web site. Can purchase individually or as classroom set. • To order LST materials, call Princeton Health Press at 1(800) 636–3415 • CD—Rom Middle School 101: Skills for Success

Lions-Quest Skills for	or refuse requests, and recognize that they have choices other than aggression or passivity when faced with tough situations. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Model Program: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Model Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Model Program: White House Office of National Drug Control Policy Exemplary Program: U.S. Department of Education Programs That Work: National Institute on Drug Abuse	Susan Keister, M.A. N/A	10–14	Male and Female	African American	Rural, Suburban,	• Help deter initiation of	• Classroom curriculum	Training: • N/A
Adolescence Universal	comprehensive positive youth development and prevention program designed for schoolwide and classroom implementation in grades six through eight (10 to 14 years old). It involves educators, parents, and community members to develop in young adolescents: • Essential social and emotional competencies • Good citizenship skills • Strong, positive character • Skills and attitudes consistent with a drug—free lifestyle • An ethic of service to others within a caring and consistent environment The classroom curriculum—based program may be delivered daily, two to three times per week, or weekly with equal effectiveness, depending on the implementation model (see How It Works). The learning model employs inquiry, presentation, discussion, group work, guided practice, and reflection to build positive social behaviors of self-discipline, responsibility, good judgment, and respect for self and others. It develops positive commitments to the family, school, peers, and community in young people. SFA supports social	Michael Buscemi, M.Ed. Program Development 1984—B Coffman Road Newark, OH 43055 Phone: (740) 522–6404 Fax: (740) 522–6580 Email: mikeb4kids@yahoo.com Program Information: Lions Quest P.O. Box 304 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701 Phone: (800) 446–2700 Fax: (240) 646–7023 Email: info@lions—quest.org Web site: www.lions—quest.org Mark Bularzik Manager LCIF Lions—Quest Department 300 W. 22nd Street Oak Brook, IL 60523 Phone: (630) 571–5466 ext. 650			Hispanic/La White		regular cigarette smoking and experimental use of marijuana through end of seventh grade • Deter initiation and monthly use of alcohol and binge drinking for Hispanics/La • Delay progression to regular cigarette smoking and experimental marijuana use among	Parent and family involvement through shared assignments and direct involvement in school activities Positive school climate by reinforcing curriculum themes through schoolwide events Community involvement through participation in training workshops,	Materials: • N/A

	and emotional learning, drug prevention, service learning, and character education initiatives. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Promising Program: Safe and Drug Free Schools and Community Program, U.S. Department of Education Select Program: The Collaborative for Academic, Social and Emotional Learning (CASEL)						students who had initiated regular alcohol use or binge drinking, but not regular cigarette smoking, by end of sixth grade		
Multisyste Therapy (Indicated	MST) Multisystemic Therapy (MST) is a family-oriented, home-based program that targets chronically violent, substance-abusing juvenile offenders 12 to 17 years old. It uses methods that promote positive social behavior and decrease antisocial behavior, including substance use, to change how youth function in their natural settings (i.e., home, school, and neighborhood). The primary goals of MST are to: • Reduce youth criminal activity	Dr. Scott Henggeler, Ph.D. Family Services Research Center Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences Medical University of South Carolina 710 Johnnie Dodds Boulevard Charleston, SC 29425–0742 Marshall Swenson, M.S.W., M.B.A. Manager of Program Development MST Services 710 Johnnie Dodds Boulevard Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464 Phone: (843) 856–8226, ext. 215 Fax: (843) 856–8227 Email: ms@mstservices.com Web site: www.mstservices.com/	12–17	Male and Female	African American White	Rural, Suburban, and Urban homes	Improved family relations Decreased adolescent substance use Reduced long—term rates of rearrest and out—of—home placement	Focus on comprehensive set of risk factors: individual, family, peer, school, and neighborhood determinants of substance use A home-based model of service delivery Intensive quality assurance	Training: • \$4,000–\$8,000 per family (includes training, TA, and materials) • Upcoming trainings listed on web site at www.mstservices.com • Offered every month, 1– week long, in Charleston, SC. Materials: • Included in training cost • Note: Overview video on MST available upon request

Nurse–Family Partnership (NFP) Selective Indicated	Effective Program: U.S. Surgeon General's Reports on Mental Health and Youth Violence Families Count Award: Annie E. Casey Foundation Nurse–Family Partnership (NFP) provides first–time, low–income mothers of any age with home visitation services from public health nurses. NFP nurses work intensively with these mothers to improve maternal, prenatal, and early childhood health and well being with the expectation that this intervention will help achieve long–term improvements in the lives of at–risk families. The intervention process is effective because it focuses on developing therapeutic relationships with the family and is designed to improve five broad domains of family functioning: • Health (physical and mental) • Home and neighborhood environment • Family and friend support • Parental roles • Major life events (e.g., pregnancy planning, education, employment) Starting with expectant mothers, the program addresses substance abuse and other behaviors that contribute to family poverty, subsequent pregnancies, poor maternal and infant outcomes, suboptimal childcare, and a lack of opportunities for	David Olds Site Development Specialist National Center for Children, Families and Communities 4200 E. 9th Avenue Box C288–13 Denver, CO 80218 Phone: 303–864–5839 Fax: 303–864–5236 Email: Buhr–Vogl.Matthew@tchden.org	Low income first time mothers and their babies	Female Only	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural, Suburban, and Urban homes	Reduced cigarette smoking during pregnancy Reduced hospital emergency visits with detected injuries Reduced rates of child maltreatment Fewer subsequent births Reduced maternal behavioral problems due to alcohol and drug abuse	Nurse home visitation Prenatal, infant, and early development education Building supportive relationships	Training: N/A Program costs: Estimated at \$780,000 for 100 families over three years (varies according to local nursing salaries) Mininum implementation for approved sites is 4 nurses and 1 supervisor serving 100 families
	the children. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Model Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention								
Olweus Bullving Prevention Universal Indicated	Olweus Bullying Prevention is a multilevel, multicomponent school-based program designed to prevent or reduce bullying in elementary, middle, and junior high schools (students 6 to 15 years). The program attempts to restructure the existing school environment to reduce opportunities and rewards for bullying. School staff is largely responsible for introducing and implementing the program. Their efforts are directed toward improving peer relations and making the school a	Dan Olweus Research Professor and Program Director The HEMIL Center (Research Center for Health Promotion) Department of Psychology, University of Bergen Christiesgate 13, N-5015 Bergen, Norway Phone: 011-47-55-58-23-27 Email: olweus@online.no	6–15	Male and Female	White	Rural, Suburban, and Urban schools	Reduced frequency in student reports on bullying others and being bullied Reduced student reports of general	Improving peer relations Making the school a safe and pleasant place by restructuring the school environment to reduce opportunities and rewards for bullying behavior	Training: • \$2,700 to \$3,750 for 1 1/2 day training of members of 1 or 2 schools Committees and followup consultation (approx. ten 1/2-hour phone calls) • Additional \$250 per half-day of travel time for trainer to travel to and

	safe and positive place for students to learn and develop. While intervention against bullying is particularly important to reduce the suffering of the victims, it is also highly desirable to counteract these tendencies for the sake of the aggressive student, as bullies are much more likely than other students to expand their antisocial behaviors. Research shows that reducing aggressive, antisocial behavior may also reduce substance use and abuse. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Model Program: Office of Juvenile Justice Delinquency Prevention	Reidar Thyholdt Psychologist and Project Director The HEMIL Center (Research Center for Health Promotion) Department of Psychology University of Bergen Phone: 011-47-95-11-04-90 Email: reidar.thyholdt@psyhp.uib.no Marlene Snyder, Ph.D. Institute on Family and Neighborhood Life Clemson University 158 Poole Agricultural Center Clemson, SC 29634 Phone: (864) 710-4562 Fax: (864) 656-6281 Email: snyder@aboutmontana.net				antisocial behaviors: vandalism, fighting, theft, and truancy • Improved class social climate: order, discipline, positive relationships, and positive attitude toward schoolwork		Materials:	from training site Additional travel costs for trainer, including airfare (if appropriate), lodging, meals, local transportation, telephone calls Costs of training and consultation vary slightly by trainer, region of the country and the number of sites being trained \$200 per school for assessment tool \$65 per teacher for classroom materials
Parenting Wisely Selective Indicated	The Parenting Wisely intervention is a self-administered, computer-based program that teaches parents and their 9- to 18-year-old children important skills for combating risk factors for substance use and abuse. The Parenting Wisely program uses a risk-focused approach to reduce family conflict and child behavior problems, including stealing, vandalism, defiance of authority, bullying, and poor hygiene. The highly interactive and nonjudgmental CD-ROM format accelerates learning, and parents use new skills immediately. The Parenting Wisely program: • Reduces children's aggressive and disruptive behaviors • Improves parenting skills • Enhances family communication • Develops mutual support • Increases parental supervision and appropriate discipline of their children A highly versatile program, Parenting Wisely can be used alone, in a group, or with a practitioner at a variety of locations such as public agencies, schools, libraries, or at home. Semiliterate parents can use the Parenting Wisely program, as it provides the option to have the computer read all text aloud. Printed program portions are written at the fifth-grade level, and the entire program is available in Spanish. Recognition	Donald Gordon FamilyWorks, Inc. 340 W. State Street Room 135B, Unit 19 Athens, OH 45701–3751 Phone: (740) 593–9505; (541) 488–0729; Toll Free: 1(866) 234–WISE Fax: (541) 482–2829 Email: familyworks@familyworksinc.com Web site: www.parentingwisely.com/	9–18 delinquents, at–risk adolescents, and parents	Male and Female	African American Indian/Alask Native Asian Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	Increased knowledge of parenting principles and skills Reduced child problem behaviors Increased knowledge of parenting principles and skills Reduced child problem behaviors	Enhance parent communication skills Increase parental knowledge and use of appropriate and effective parenting techniques Promote healthy family interactions	Materials:	No formal training available CD Kit costs \$659 and includes:1 display poster, 5 workbooks, 1 service provider manual, 5 program completion certificates, 10 referral cards, 1 floppy disk with pre/post evaluation instrument, 20 brochures, and 2 parent registration forms. Three–part video series costs \$299

	Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary II Program: Family Strengthening, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice Pathways Project: Youth Justice Board, London, England								
Positive Action (PA) Universal Selective Indicated	Positive Action (PA) is an integrated, comprehensive, and coherent program that has been shown to improve academic achievement and behaviors of children and adolescents (5 to 18 years old) in multiple domains. It is intensive, with lessons at each grade level (from kindergarten to 12th) that are reinforced all day, schoolwide, at home, and in the community. It includes school, family, and community components that work together or can stand alone. For students, Positive Action improves: • Individual self—concept • Academic achievement and learning skills • Decisionmaking, problem solving, and social/interpersonal skills • Physical and mental health • Behavior, character, and responsibility PA improves school climate, attendance, achievement scores, disciplinary referrals/suspensions, parent and community involvement, services for special—need and high—risk students, efficiency and effectiveness. Positive Action positively affects instruction and classroom/school management skills of school personnel through improved self—concept, professionalism, and interpersonal/social skills and, in turn, has a positive impact on their personal lives. Finally, Positive Action helps families by improving parent—child relations and overall family attitudes toward and involvement in school and the community. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Carol Gerber Allred, Ph.D. Positive Action, Inc. 264 4th Ave. South Twin Falls, ID 83301 Phone: (208) 733–1328 Fax: (208) 733–1590 Email: info@positiveaction.net Web site: www.positiveaction.net	5–18	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural, Suburban, and Urban schools, families, communities businesses, churches, penal institutions	Improved academic scores Strong effects on drug use, tobacco and alcohol use, violence, suspensions, and delinquencies Improved attendance Improved self—concept Parent involvement with children, schools, communities Improved school climate Improved character	Life skills Social, self-management, and goal setting skills Problem solving/goal setting skills Anger management Thinking skills Character development Mental and physical health Social and emotional learning Parent-child- school interactions Bonding to schools, friends, family, community Resilience Communication skills School reform Conflict resolution	Training: Available to schools, families, and communities \$1000 per day, plus \$700 per travel day and travel expenses Materials: Available for all grade levels and includes a Teacher Kit (\$460 Kindergarten; \$360 Grade 1–8), School Climate Kit (\$450), Family Kit (\$75), Community Kit (\$550), Counselor Kit (\$125), 5th Grade Drug Education Supplement Teacher's Kit (\$230), and a Middle School Drug Education Supplement Teacher's Kit (\$360) Training kit for elementary (\$500) secondary (\$600) schools, includes three pieces: orientation, ongoing sustainability, and publicity; sold separately are \$200 each \$360 Ninth—Twelfth Kit I: Life's Big Questions: "Lives on the Line" Play \$360 Ninth—Twelfth Kit III: Life's Big Questions: "Lives on the Line" Play \$360 Ninth—Twelfth Kit III: Life's Big Questions: Projects for Teens \$360 Ninth—Twelfth Kit IV: Life Training for Teens \$360 Ninth—Twelfth Kit IV: Life Training for Teens \$360 Ninth—Twelfth Kit IV: Life Training for Teens \$360 Light—Twelfth Kit IV: Life Training for Teens \$360 Ninth—Twelfth Kit IV: Life Training for Teens

	Promising Program: Department of Education Model Program: Department of Education, Title I Comprehensive School Reform Promising Practices: Education Commission of the States for Comprehensive School Reform Governor's Award: Idaho Exemplary Substance Abuse Programs							(includes evaluation tools) • \$140 Elementary Rejuvenation Plan
Project ACHIEVE Universal Selective	Project ACHIEVE is an innovative school reform and school effectiveness program developed for use in preschool, elementary, and middle schools (students 3 to 14 years old). It is designed to help schools, communities, and families develop, strengthen, and solidify their youth's resilience, protective factors, and self—management skills. Project ACHIEVE works to improve school and staff effectiveness, and places particular emphasis on increasing student performance in the areas of: • Social skills and social—emotional development • Conflict resolution and self—management • Achievement and academic progress • Positive school climate and safe school practices Project ACHIEVE implements schoolwide positive behavioral and academic prevention programs that focus on the needs of all students. It also develops and implements strategic intervention programs for at—risk and underachieving students, and it coordinates comprehensive and multifaceted "wrap—around" programs for students with intensive needs. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary Program: White House Conference on School Safety Effective School Reform Program: Center for Effective Collaboration and Practice, American Institutes for Research	Pre–K through Middle School; Adapted at the High School level	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alasl Native Asian American Hispanic/La Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	elementary schools, middle	Decreased referrals to and placements in special education Decline in disciplinary referrals to office of principal and school suspension Improved academic performance	Social skills Problem solving methods Anger-reduction techniques Building-wide, positive behavior support and management approaches	Training: • Minimum of 2 days of building—wide training and 1 day technical consultation • \$1,500 per day, plus expenses; training done by Howard Knoff or Sopris West • Training and consultation/technical assistance costs may involve up to 10 to 15 days for the first 3 years. These costs will taper over time and may be offset by combining these costs with other resources already available to the school system. Materials: • \$125 classroom package of Stop Think social skills teachers manual, reproducible forms booklet, skill cards for all students, posters, large and small Stop Think stop signs • Additional Stop Think signs for building (approximately \$250) • Additional Stop Think posters for building (approximately \$100) • \$69 Teacher manuals and reproducible forms • \$15 - \$22.50 Classroom materials sold separately in sets of 5 • \$45.95 Parent Training Video • \$1.90 - \$25 Sets of

									support materials sold separately in packages of 5 and up (charms, stickers, magnets, memo pads, pencils, pins, signs, self-inking stamps, and t-shirts • To order materials call Sopris West at 1(800) 547-6747 • Materials also available in Spanish.
Project ALERT Universal Selective	Project ALERT is a drug prevention curriculum for middle–school students (11 to 14 years old), which dramatically reduces both the onset and regular use of substances. The 2–year, 14–lesson program focuses on the substances that adolescents are most likely to use: alcohol, tobacco, marijuana, and inhalants. Project Alert use participatory activities and videos to help: • Motivate adolescents against drug use • Teach adolescents the skills and strategies needed to resist prodrug pressures • Establish nondrug–using norms Guided classroom discussions and small group activities stimulate peer interaction and challenge student beliefs and perceptions, while intensive role–playing activities help students learn and master resistance skills. Homework assignments that also involve parents extend the learning process by facilitating parent–child discussions of drugs and how to resist using them. These lessons are reinforced through videos that model appropriate behavior. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary Program: U.S. Department of Education Exemplary Program: White House Office of National Drug Control Policy Exemplary Program: National Prevention Network, the National Association of State and Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors, the Community	Phyllis L. Ellickson, Ph.D. RAND G. Bridget Ryan President Project ALERT 725 S. Figueroa Street, Suite 970 Los Angeles, CA 90017–5416 Phone: (800) 253–7810 Fax: (213) 623–0585 Email: gbryan@projectalert.best.org Web site: www.projectalert.com Phyllis L. Ellickson, Ph.D. RAND 1700 Main Street Santa Monica, CA 90407 Phone: (310) 393–0411 Fax: (301) 451–7062 Email: phyllis ellickson@rand.org Web site: www.rand.org	11–14	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	schools	Reduced marijuana use initiation Decreased current and heavy smoking Reduced pro- drug attitudes and beliefs Helped smokers quit	Build schoolwide norms against drug use Understand social/health consequences of drug use Identify pro-drug pressures Develop resistance skills Involve parents in prevention Recognize benefits of being drug-free	Training: • \$150 (includes training workshop, all program materials, and on—going TA) • Workshop and online training are available. Also, onsite training costs \$4200 for 25 participants and an additional \$150 for each additional person. Materials: • Teacher manual (includes core and booster lessons), 8 student videos, 12 classroom posters, overview video for colleagues community, optional teen leader manual • Trained Project ALERT teachers continue to receive: • Free video print curriculum updates • Free subscription to ALERT Educator teacher support newsletter • Toll—free phone support TA • Access to an on—line faculty advisor • NOTE: An

	Anti-Drug Coalitions of America Endorsed by the National Middle School Association								overview/promotional video is available on request • Parental/take—home materials also available in Spanish.
Universal	Project Northland is a multilevel, multiyear program proven to delay the age at which young people begin drinking, reduce alcohol use among those who have already tried drinking, and limit the number of alcohol—related problems of young drinkers. Designed for sixth, seventh, and eighth grade students (10 to 14 years old), Project Northland addresses both individual behavioral change and environmental change. Project Northland also strives to change how parents communicate with their children, how peers influence each other, and how communities respond to young adolescent alcohol use. Components include: • Parent involvement and education programs • Behavioral curricula • Peer participation • Community activities Each intervention year has an overall theme and is tailored to the developmental level of the young adolescent. Alcohol is the focus of the Project Northland program because it is American teenagers' drug of choice and inflicts the greatest harm among youth. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary Program: U.S. Department of Education Rated "A": Drug Strategies, Making the Grade	Cheryl Perry, Ph.D. Program Contact: Ann Standing Hazelden Publishing and Educational Services 15251 Pleasant Valley Road Box 176 Center City, MN 55012–0176 Phone: (651) 213–4030; Toll free: (800) 328–9000, ext. 4030 Fax: (651) 213–4793 Email: astanding@hazelden.org Web site: www.hazelden.org	10-14	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	schools	Reductions in daily smoking, marijuana, and alcohol use	Peer leadership Parent involvement	Training: • \$1750 per day plus expenses • Trainings posted on Web site • Registration Training Events (offered nationwide, see Web site for schedule): • \$755 for training plus one complete curriculum (training is 3 days) for Grades 6–8 • \$430 for training plus one complete SuperCharged! component Materials: • \$245 for each grade (includes all materials) • \$755 for complete 4-piece set (3 grades plus Supercharged!)
Selective Indicated	Project SUCCESS (Schools Using Coordinated Community Efforts to Strengthen Students) prevents and reduces substance use among high-risk, multiproblem high school adolescents. Developed and tested with alternative school youth 14 to 18 years old, the program places highly	Ellen Morehouse, M.S.W., CASAC, CPP Student Assistance Services Corporation 660 White Plains Road Tarrytown, NY 10591 Phone: (914) 332–1300	14–18	Male and Female	African American Asian American Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian	Rural, Suburban, and Urban alternative high schools	Reduction in alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drug use and related problems	 Individual and group counseling Youth coping skills Resistance skills 	Training: • \$375, plus expenses per person, includes materials and manual Materials: • \$150 Manual

	trained professionals in schools to provide a full range of substance use prevention and early intervention services. Counselors use a variety of intervention strategies, including:	Fax: (914) 366–8826 Email: sascorp@aol.com Web site: www.sascorp.org			and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White				
Project Toward No Drug Abuse (TND) Selective Indicated	Project Toward No Drug Abuse (TND) is a highly interactive program designed to help high school youth (14 to 19 years old) resist substance use. A school-based program, TND consists of twelve 40-to 50-minute lessons that include motivational activities, social skills training, and decisionmaking components that are delivered through group discussions, games, role-playing exercise, videos, and student worksheets. Project TND teaches participants increased coping and self-control skills that allow them to: • Grasp the cognitive misperceptions that may lead to substance use and express a desire not to abuse substances. • Understand the sequence of substance abuse and the consequences of using substances • Correct myths concerning substance use • Demonstrate effective communication, coping, and self-control skills • State a commitment to discuss substance abuse with others Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Steve Sussman, Ph.D. FAAHB Institute for Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Dept. of Preventive Medicine, USC 1000 South Fremont Avenue, Unit 8, Suite 4124 Alhambra, CA 91803 Phone: (626) 457–6635 Fax: (626) 457–4012 Email: sussma@hsc.usc.edu Web site: www.cceanet.org/Research/Sussman/tn Stephen Hauk Institute for Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Dept. of Preventive Medicine, USC 1000 South Fremont Avenue, Unit 8, Suite 4124 Alhambra, CA 91803 Phone: (626) 457–6635 Fax: (626) 457–4012	14–19	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Rural, Suburban, and Urban high schools	Reduced levels of alcohol use (among baseline users) Reduced levels of cigarette smoking Reduced levels of hard drug use Reduced levels of marijuana use Reduced levels of marijuana use Reduced levels of weapon carrying (among males)	Social and health consequences of drug use Active listening Effective communication Stress management Self-control and self-confidence Cognitive misperception correction Motivation enhancement Decisionmaking	Training: • \$500 per day, plus expenses Materials: • \$70 Teacher manual • \$50 Student workbook (set of 5) • \$40 Drugs and Life Dreams video

	Exemplary Program: Health Canada Model Program: Sociometrics, Inc.								
Project Towards No Tobacco Use (TNT) Universal	Project Towards No Tobacco Use (TNT) is a comprehensive, classroom—based curriculum designed to prevent or reduce tobacco use in youth 10 to 15 years old in grades five through ten. Upon completion of this program, students will be able to describe the course of tobacco—addiction, the consequences of using tobacco, and the prevalence of tobacco use among peers. Delivered in 10 core and 2 booster lessons, TNT is proven effective at helping youth to: • Resist tobacco use and advocate no tobacco use • Demonstrate effective communication, refusal, and cognitive coping skills • Identify how the media and advertisers influence youth to use tobacco products • Identify methods for building their own self—esteem • Describe strategies for advocating no tobacco use Project TNT is designed to counteract several different causes of tobacco use simultaneously because the behavior is determined by multiple causes. This comprehensive approach works well for a wide variety of youth who may have different risk factors influencing their tobacco use. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Programs That Work: National Institute on Drug Abuse, National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary Program: U.S. Department of Education Programs That Work: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Phone: (626) 457–6635 Fax: (626) 457–4012 To order teacher's manual and student workbooks: ETR Associates P.O. Box 1830 Santa Cruz, CA 95061–1830 Phone: (800) 321–4407 Fax: (800) 435–8433 Web site: www.etr.org/	10–15	Male and Female	African American Asian American Hispanic/La Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	schools	Reduction of initiation of smoking Reduction of weekly and frequent smoking Reduction of initiation of smokeless tobacco use Reduction of weekly and frequency of smokeless tobacco use	skills Course of addiction and disease Media literacy and social activism Public commitment	Training: • \$500, plus expenses Materials: • \$40 TNT Cessation • \$40 Tobacco video • \$80 Peer Pressure video • \$2.50 Post test • \$45 Curriculum • \$18.95 set of 5 student workbooks
Prolonged Exposure	Prolonged Exposure (PE) therapy is a	Edna B. Foa, Ph.D. Director	18–70	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic	Suburban and Urban	• Decrease in the	Behavior Modification: to	Training: • N/A

Therapy for Posttraumatic Stress Disorders Indicated	cognitive—behavioral treatment program for individuals suffering from posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD). The program consists of a course of individual therapy designed to help clients process traumatic events and thus reduce trauma—induced psychological disturbances. Twenty years of research has shown that PE significantly reduces the symptoms of PTSD, depression, anger, and general anxiety. The standard treatment program consists of 9 to 12, 90—minute sessions. PE includes three components: • Psychoeducation about common reactions to trauma and the cause of chronic post—trauma difficulties • Imaginal exposure: repeated recounting of the traumatic memory (emotional reliving) • In—vivo exposure: gradually approaching trauma reminders (e.g., situations, objects) that, despite being safe, are feared and avoided PE therapy reduces PTSD symptoms including intrusive thoughts, intense emotional distress, nightmares and flashbacks, avoidance, emotional numbing and loss of interest, sleep disturbance, concentration impairment, irritability and anger, hypervigilance and excessive startle response. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary Service and Support to Victims and Witnesses of Crime Award: Philadelphia Coalition for Victim Advocacy	Center for the Treatment and Study of Anxiety Department of Psychiatry University of Pennsylvania 3535 Market Street, Suite 600 North Philadelphia, PA 19104 Phone: (215) 746–3317 Email: foa@mail.med.upenn.edu For program, training, and research information: Center for the Treatment and Study of Anxiety Department of Psychiatry University of Pennsylvania 3535 Market Street, 600 N Philadelphia, PA 19104 Email: csta@mail.med.upenn.edu Web site: http://www.med.upenn.edu/ctsa/ Elizabeth A. Hembree, Ph.D. Assistant Professor and Director of Training Center for the Treatment and Study of Anxiety Phone: (215) 746–3327 Fax: (215) 746–3311 Email: hembree@mail.med.upenn.edu David S. Riggs, Ph.D. Assistant Professor Center for the Treatment and Study of Anxiety Phone: (215) 746–3327 Fax: (215) 746–3311 Email: driggs@mail.med.upenn.edu			Groups	settings in clinics, including community mental health outpatient clinics, veterans' centers, rape counseling centers, private practice offices, and inpatient units	diagnosis of PTSD in clients who completed the 9 or 12 session course • Improved daily functioning • Reduction in depression, general anxiety, and anger	reduce the symptoms of depression, anger, and general anxiety Information Sharing: to understand reactions to trauma and the cause of chronic posttrauma difficulties Imaginal Exposure and In Vivo Therapies: to provide a therapeutic intervention for indicated audiences	Materials: ● N/A
Promoting Alternative THinking Strategies (PATHS) Universal Selective	PATHS (Promoting Alternative THinking Strategies) is a comprehensive program for promoting emotional and social competencies and reducing aggression and acting—out behaviors in elementary—school—aged children, while simultaneously enhancing the educational process in the classroom. This innovative curriculum for kindergarten through sixth grade (ages 5 to 12) is used by educators and counselors as a multiyear, prevention model. The PATHS curriculum provides teachers with systematic and developmentally based lessons, materials, and instructions for teaching their students:	Carol A. Kusché, Ph.D. Prevention Research Center Henderson Building S-109 Pennsylvania State University University Park, PA 16802 Phone: (814) 863-0112 Fax: (814) 865-2530 Email: mxg47@psu.edu Web site: www.prevention.psu.edu/PATHS/ Mark T. Greenberg, Ph.D. Channing Bete Company One Community Place South Deerfield, MA 01373	5–10	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian American Hispanic/Lat Multiple Ethnic Groups Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific	communities	Improved self—control, emotional literacy, ability to tolerate frustration Decreased anxiety/depreson, conduct problems, and symptoms of sadness	behaviors • Provide teachers with	Training: • \$3,000 plus expenses (does not include materials) Materials: • \$640 for a complete 7–volume set • \$300–\$350 for each individual grade level • Implementation Costs: • Using existing staff approximately \$15 per child

	Emotional literacy Self-control Social competence Positive peer relations Interpersonal problem-solving skills The PATHS curriculum has been shown to improve protective factors and reduce behavioral risk factors. Evaluations have demonstrated significant improvements for program youth, including those in general education and special needs settings. Although primarily focused on school and classroom settings, information and activities are also included for use with parents. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Model Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice Promising Program: U.S. Surgeon General's Report on Youth Violence Promising Program: Safe and Drug-Free Schools Program, U.S. Department of Education Best Practices in Youth Violence Prevention Program: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services SELect Program: Collaborative for Academic, Social and Emotional Learning	Phone: (877) 896–8532 Fax: (800) 499–6464 Email: PrevSci@channing_bete.com Web site: www.preventionscience.com			Islander (NHOPI) White		and depression		per year over 3 years Using full-time salaried on-site PATHS coordinator approximately \$40-\$50 per child per year
Protecting You/Protecting Me/> Universal	Protecting You/Protecting Me®(PY/PM) is a 5-year, classroom-based alcohol-use prevention curriculum for elementary students in grades one through five (6 to 11 years old). Designed to reduce alcohol-related injury and death in our Nation's youth, PY/PM: • Is proven to change children's knowledge about their brains and personal development • Increases children's intentions not to ride with an impaired driver • Improves children's vehicle safety skills: their ability to protect themselves when they have no option but to ride with an adult who is not	Kappie Bliss, M.Ed., LPC Director Elementary Programs Mothers Against Drunk Driving 611 South Congress Avenue Suite 210 Austin, TX 78704 Phone: (512) 693–9422 Fax: (512) 693–9435 Email: kappie@kbliss.com Web site: www.pypm.org/	6–11	Male and Female		schools	Students less likely to ride with impaired driver Students gained critical life-saving skills to protect themselves when they have no option but to ride with an impaired	Importance of protecting the brains of persons under age 21 years of age from the biological effects of alcohol Ways to help children avoid the risks associated with riding with drivers who are alcohol impaired	Training: • 1-day teacher training: \$155 to \$365 (Grades 1-5) • 2-day teacher training: \$195 to \$405 (Grades 1-5) • A minimum of 20 trainees are required for each training Materials: • Cost of materials included in training costs

	alcohol–free Because the program is delivered in elementary school, it reaches children before they have fully formed their attitudes toward alcohol. The curriculum: • Incorporates the latest research on human brain development • Focuses on the immediate risks of using alcohol before age 21 • Includes parental involvement activities The program can be taught by trained high school students, as well as by teachers, with high school student teachers deriving short–term outcomes including reduced alcohol use and increased perceptions of the risks of underage alcohol use. All program materials are available in English and Spanish. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Texas Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse State Wide Replication Program Endorsed by the National Elementary Principals Association Endorsed by the American Academy of Pediatrics						driver Students become more strongly opposed to drinking and driving and to underage drinking Students increased their media literacy and gained knowledge about their brains and becoming grown—up High school students teaching PY/PM also demonstrated significant increases in their attitudes toward the risks of underage alcohol and other drug use and declines in their own personal use of alcohol		
Reconnecting Youth (RY) Indicated	Reconnecting Youth (RY) is a school–based prevention program for youth in grades nine through twelve (14 to 18 years old) who are at risk for school dropout. These youth may also exhibit multiple behavior problems, such as substance abuse, aggression, depression, or suicide risk behaviors. Reconnecting Youth uses a partnership model involving peers, school personnel, and parents to deliver interventions that address the three central program goals: • Decreased drug involvement • Increased school performance • Decreased emotional distress	Leona L. Eggert, Ph.D., RN, FAAN University of Washington School of Nursing Box 357263 Seattle, WA 98195–7263 Phone: (425) 861–8177 Fax: (425) 861–8071 Email: eggert@u.washington.edu Web site: www.son.washington.edu/departments/ Program and Training Contact: Liela Nicholas Co–Developer and Principle RY Trainer	14–18	Male and Female	Multiple Ethnic Groups	Urban and Suburban high schools	Increased school performance Decreased deviant peer bonding Decreased depression and aggression	Social supportSchool bondingHigh school dropout prevention	Training: • \$750 per day, plus travel and expenses for 5 to 7 participants Materials: • \$179, plus shipping for curriculum

	Students work toward these goals by participating in a semester–long high school class that involves skills training in the context of a positive peer culture. RY students learn, practice, and apply self–esteem enhancement strategies, decision–making skills, personal control strategies, and interpersonal communication techniques. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Programs That Work: National Institute on Drug Abuse Grade "A" "A+": Drug Strategies	Phone: (425) 861–1177 Fax: (425) 861–8071							
Residential Student Assistance Program (RSAP) Selective Indicated	The Residential Student Assistance Program (RSAP) is a substance abuse prevention program developed for high—risk adolescents (14 to 17 years old) living in residential facilities. The program is based on the Westchester Student Assistance Model and works by placing highly trained professionals in residential facilities to provide residents with a full range of substance abuse prevention and early intervention services. The program uses proven prevention strategies that include: • Information dissemination • Normative and preventive education • Problem identification and referral • Community—based interventions • Environmental approaches RSAP counselors work with adolescents individually and in small groups. Intervention services are fully integrated into the adolescent's overall experience at the residential facility and have an impact on both their school and residential environments. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Ellen R. Morehouse, ASW, CASAC Student Assistance Services 660 White Plains Road Tarrytown, NY 10591 Phone: (914) 332–1300 Fax: (914) 366–8826 Email: sascorp@aol.com Web site: www.sascorp.org/residesap.htm	14–17	Male and Female	African American Hispanic/Lat	Urban residential fineilities	Reduced marijuana, alcohol, and tobacco use	Individual and group counseling Youth coping skills	Training: • \$375, plus expenses per person, includes materials Materials: • Included in training cost
Responding in Peaceful and Positive Ways (RIPP)	Responding in Peaceful and Positive Ways (RiPP) is a school–based violence prevention program designed to provide students in middle and junior	Aleta Lynn Meyer, Ph.D. Department of Psychology Virginia Commonwealth University VCU Box 2018	10–14	Male and Female	Hispanic/Lat	Rural, Suburban, imod Urban middle	Decreased school disciplinary code	 Promotion of schoolwide norms for nonviolence and achievement 	Training: • \$650 per person Materials:

	high schools with conflict resolution strategies and	808 West Franklin Street	Se	chools	violations	Social cognitive	Material costs are
niversal	skills. It combines a classroom curriculum of	Richmond, VA 23284			Decreased	problem-solving	included in training cos
	social/cognitive problem solving with real-life	Phone: (804) 828-0015			student	model that provides	Training is required to
	skill-building opportunities such as peer mediation.	Fax: (804) 828-2237			reported	several social skills	obtain curriculum.
	Students learn to apply critical thinking skills and	Email: ameyer@saturn.vcu.edu			frequency	options for	
	personal management strategies to personal health				of drug use	nonviolence	
	and well-being issues. Delivered over 3 years,				and violent	 Implementation of 	
	RiPP teaches key concepts that include:				behaviors	program by adult	
	,,				Increased	role model	
	The importance of significant friends				prosocial	Opportunities for	
	or adult mentors				attitudes	real-life application	
	The relationship between self-image				and peer	of skills	
	and gang-related behaviors				support for	Of Skills	
	The effects of environmental				prosocial		
	influences on personal health				behavior		
	influences on personal health				Decreased		
	Hoine a variety of lessons and activities atudents						
	Using a variety of lessons and activities, students				peer		
	learn about the physical and mental development				pressure to		
	that occurs during adolescence; analyze the				use drugs		
	consequences of personal choices on health and						
	well-being; learn that they have nonviolent options						
	when conflicts arise; and evaluate the benefits of						
	being a positive family and community role model.						
	In a within-school evaluation of RIPP, compared to						
	control students, RIPP-6 students at post-test were						
	significantly less likely to have disciplinary code						
	violations for carrying weapons, were less likely to						
	have in–school suspensions, had lower reported						
	rates of fight–related injuries, and were more likely						
	to participate in their school's peer–mediation						
	program. RIPP–7 participants showed a significant						
	increase in their knowledge of curriculum material						
	and a trend for greater decreases in anxiety. At						
	,						
	6-month follow-up, RIPP-7 students reported						
	lower rates of peer pressure to use drugs, and						
	showed a significant increase in prosocial responses						
	to hypothetical problem situations. In another study,						
	compared to students at control schools, students at						
	intervention schools reported more favorable						
	attitudes toward nonviolence, less favorable						
	attitudes toward violence, and greater knowledge of						
	the material covered in the intervention. Significant						
	differences on the frequency of aggression were						
	found at post-test. An evaluation of RIPP-8 is						
	currently underway.						
	Recognition						
	Recognition						
	Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental						
	Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of						
	Health and Human Services						
	Effective Program: Safe and Drug Free Schools,						
	U.S. Department of Education						

Schools and Families Educating Children (SAFE Children) Universal Selective	SAFE Children is a community— and school—based program that helps families manage educational and child development in communities where children are at high risk for substance abuse and other problem behaviors. It is based on a developmental—ecological model that looks at how	Patrick Tolan, Ph.D. Director Institute for Juvenile Research Department of Psychiatry The University of Illinois at Chicago 840 South Wood Street Chicago, IL 60612–7347 Phone: (312) 413–1893 Email: Tolan@uic.edu	4–6 and parents	Male and Female	African American Hispanic/Lat	Urban schools ino	Children 'social competence increased as the result of improved family emotional cohesion Greater improvement in academic achievement than control group Parents maintained enthusiasm for and involvement in children 'school life Parents used more effective parenting practices, and reported greater use of home rules and family organization strategies Reading scores approximated the national average and were 4 months ahead of control group	School/community collaboration Skill development Turtoring	Training: • Cost and budget information under development Materials: • Tracking software package for MAC computers \$549
Second Step Universal	increase children's social-emotional competence	Claudia Glaze Committee for Children Client Support Services Dept. 568 First Avenue, Suite 600 Seattle, WA 98104 Phone: (800) 634–4449 Fax: (206) 438–6765 Email: info@cfchildren.org Web site: www.cfchildren.org/program_ss.shtml	4–14	Male and Female	Hispanic/Lat White	Rural, Suburban, aund Urban pre-K through middle schools; community centers	Reduced physical and verbal aggression Increased positive social interactions Greater understanding	Teach empathy, impulse control, and anger management skills Provide opportunities for modeling, practice, and reinforcement of these skills	Training: • Regional Staff Training (1 day): \$169 per participant, for Preschool—Grade 9. (Second Step curriculum not included.) • Regional Training for Trainers (3days): \$499 per participant for

	risk assessment, decisionmaking ability, self-regulation, and positive goal setting. The program's lesson content varies by grade level and is organized into three skill-building units covering: • Empathy: teaches young people to identify and understand their own emotions and those of others • Impulse control and problem solving: helps young people choose positive goals; reduce impulsiveness; and evaluate consequences of their behavior in terms of safety, fairness, and impact on others • Anger management: enables young people to manage emotional reactions and engage in decisionmaking when they are highly aroused Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Exemplary Program: U.S. Department of Education "A" Program: Drug Strategies						of emotional skills • Less likely to endorse relational aggression		Preschool-Grade 9 (Trainer's Manual and staff training videos are included. The Second Step curriculum materials are not included.) • Second Step Family Guide Facilitator Training: \$169 per participant for Preschool-Grade 5. (Family Guide manual not included.) Materials: • Pre-school Kindergarten Kit (ages 4-6) • \$259 Puppets: Puppy \$38 Snail \$24 Buy both receive 20% discount \$49 • Segundo Paso Spanish Language Supplement: \$50 • Grades 1-3 Kit: \$269 • Grades 4-5 Kit: \$249 • Additional Anger Management Posters are \$4 each • Segundo Paso Spanish Language Supplements (Grades 1-3): \$50 • Segundo Paso Spanish Language Supplements (Grades 1-3): \$50 • Segundo Paso Spanish Language Supplements (Grades 4-5): \$50 • Middle School/Junior High: >Level 1 Foundation: \$295 >Level 2 Skill Building: \$125 >Level 3 Skill Building: \$125 Materials also available in Spanish.
Start Taking	Cont. Taking Alaskal Disks Conjunts (CTA DO) C	Chudley E. WerchCHES, Ph.D.,	11–14 and	Male and	African	Rural,	Avoidance	• Health care	Training:
Seriously (STARS) for	Start Taking Alcohol Risks Seriously (STARS) for Families is a health promotion program for preventing alcohol use among at–risk middle and junior high school youth (11 to 14 years old). The goal of STARS for Families is to have all youth postpone alcohol use until adulthood. STARS for	FAAHB Center for Drug Prevention and Health Promotion University of North Florida, College of Health 4567 St. Johns Bluff Road, South	parents	Female	American White	Suburban, and Urban middle schools	of and reductions in alcohol use among youth	consultations • Key Facts Postcards • Parent/Guardian take-home lessons	To be decided Materials: To be decided

	Families matches media–related, interpersonal, and environmental prevention strategies to each child's specific stages of alcohol initiation, stages of readiness for change, and specific risk and protective factors. This innovative program has been shown to result in avoidance of, or reductions in, alcohol use among participating youth. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Promising Prevention Program: The Urban Institute	Building 39/3042A Jacksonville, FL 32224–2645 Phone: (904) 620–2847 Fax: (304) 620–1035 Email: cwerch@unf.edu Paula Jones NIMCO Incorporated P.O. Box 9 Calhoun, KY 42327–0009 Phone: 1(800) 962–6662 x.114 Email: paula@nimcoinc.com Web site: www.nimcoinc.com							
Program (SFP) Universal Selective	The Strengthening Families Program I (SFP–I) involves elementary school aged children (6 to 12 years old) and their families in family skills training sessions. SFP uses family systems and cognitive—behavioral approaches to increase resilience and reduce risk factors for behavioral, emotional, academic, and social problems. It builds on protective factors by: • Improving family relationships • Improving parenting skills • Increasing the youth's social and life skills SFP offers incentives for attendance, good behavior in children, and homework completion to increase program recruitment and participation. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Model Program: National Institute on Drug Abuse Effective Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	Karol Kumpfer, Ph.D Department of Health Promotion and Education University of Utah 250 South, 1850 East, Room 215 Salt Lake City, UT 84112–0920 Phone: (801) 581–7718 Fax: (801) 581–5872 Email: karol.kumpfer@health.utah.edu Web site: www.strengtheningfamilies.org/html/pr Henry O. Whiteside, Ph.D. Managing Partner, Training Workshop Contact Lutra Group, Inc 5215 Pioneer Fork Road Salt Lake City, UT 84108 Phone: 801–583–4601 Fax: 801–583–7979 Email: hwhiteside@lutragroup.com	6–12 and parents	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian American Hispanic/Lat Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	centers, housing communities	Reduction in child risk status Improved family relationships	Therapeutic child play Parent training Support services	Training: • \$3,500 for up to 40 participants Materials: • \$175 for 6 manuals
Program: For Parents and Youth 10–14	The Strengthening Families Program for Parents and Youth 10–14 (SFP 10–14) is a video–based intervention designed to reduce adolescent substance abuse and other problematic behaviors in youth 10 to 14 years old. The program is delivered within parent, youth, and family sessions using	Virginia Molgaard, Ph.D. Rural Health Center 2625 North Loop Drive Suite 500 Ames, IA 50010–1260 Phone: (515) 294–8762 Fax: (515) 294–3613	10–14	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Asian American	Rural, Suburban, and Urban settings in community centers	 Improved parenting behaviors Significant delays in initiation of alcohol, 	Improve parenting skills Build like skills in youth Strengthen family bonds	Training • Please contact program developer for cost • Onsite training,technical support by telephone, and a three—step train—the—trainer protocal

	narrated videos that portray typical youth and parent situations. Sessions are highly interactive and include role–playing, discussions, learning games, and family projects designed to: • Improve parenting skills • Build life skills in youth • Strengthen family bonds The basic program is delivered over 7 weeks, usually in the evenings. Four optional booster sessions can to be held 3 to 12 months after the basic sessions. Bringing parents and youth together in SFP 10–14 has been particularly effective at building parent skills (e.g., monitoring, setting limits, expressing affection) and youth skills (e.g., resisting peer pressure, making positive goals, managing strong emotions) and changing behavior. A print version of the parent sessions is available for non–English speaking Hispanic/Latino parents and other ethnic groups who may be less able to relate to the videos. (Program instructions are in English; posters, handouts, and scripts for role plays are available in both Spanish and English.) Recognition Exemplary Program: U.S. Department of Education Exemplary Program: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice Effective Program: National Institute on Drug Abuse, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Email: vmolgaar@iastate.edu For information about materials: Program Assistant Catherine Webb Iowa State University Extension Institute for Social and Behavioral Research Iowa State University Ames, IA 50010 Phone: (515) 294–1426 Fax: (515) 294 3613 Email: cwebb@iastate.edu Web site: www.extension.iastate.edu/sfp/			Hispanic/Lat White	ino	tobacco, and marijuana use		are available Materials N/A
Anger and Resolution Together (SMART) Team Universal	SMART Team is an eight–module, multimedia software program designed to teach violence prevention messages and methods to students in grades six through nine (11 to 15 years old). The program's content fits well with commonly used conflict–mediation curricula and other violence prevention strategies schools may implement. Operation is straightforward, so students can access the modules independently for information, skill–building practice, or to resolve a conflict. This independence eliminates the need for trained adult implementers. Recognition	Kris Bosworth, Ph.D. University of Arizona College of Education P.O. Box 210069 Tucson, AZ 85721–0069 Phone: (520) 626–4964 Fax: (520) 626–9258 Email: boswortk@u.arizona.edu Web site: www.drugstats.org Materials and Training: Learning Multisystems 320 Holtzman Road Madison, WI 53713 Phone: (800) 362–7323 Fax: (608) 273–8065	11–15	Male and Female		Urban and Suburban middle and high schools; clinical and non-clinical settings	Increased understanding of how problem situations escalate into violence Better use of non-violent solutions	Computer—based Anger management Dispute resolution Mediation skills Violence prevention	Training: No training is required. Someone who can load the software and assist students to initially access the program. Materials: \$549 for software package (Mac only) Single CD Set: \$190 (A set includes both Managing Anger and Resolving Conflicts CDs.) Lab Packs \$5 sets: \$380

	Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Promising Program: U.S. Department of Education	Web site: http://www.lmssite.com							 ♦ 10 sets: \$570 ♦ 20 sets: \$760 • Network/Site License: \$950 (Allows software installation on all computers in a single building.) • SMART Team software package, Cool 2B Safe, violence prevention video series and print material • Materials also available in Spanish
Teaching Students to be Peacemakers Universal	Teaching Students To Be Peacemakers (Peacemakers) is a program that teaches conflict resolution procedures and skills to all students, faculty, and staff members. It is based on the premises that conflicts cannot be suppressed or denied, and conflicts may have positive or negative consequences, depending on how they are managed. Students learn how to engage in problem—solving negotiations and how to mediate schoolmates' conflicts. The program aims to— • Make the school a safe place where violence and destructive conflicts are prevented and constructive conflicts are used to improve the quality of school life. • Teach students, faculty, and staff how to mediate schoolmates' conflicts and negotiate to solve problems and reach agreements liked by all disputants. • Ensure all school members use the same procedures for resolving conflicts • Enable teachers and administrators to model constructive conflict resolution. • Free teachers' time and energy otherwise spent on managing classroom conflicts. Delivered through twenty 30—minute lessons, the program serves as a vital component in an overall strategy to reduce violence in schools. It also enhances academic learning and achievement. Now translated into Spanish, Peacemakers is used in the United States, Canada, and many other parts of the world. Recognition	David W. Johnson, Ed.D. Cooperative Learning Center College of Education and Human Development University of Minnesota, 60 Peik Hall 159 Pillsbury Drive S.E. Minneapolis, MN 5545–0298 Phone: (952) 831–9500 Fax: (952) 831–9332 Email: johns010@umn.edu	5-14	Male and Female	African American American Indian/Alask Native Hispanic/Lat White	schools	• 62% of Peacemaker students reached the ideal problem—solv agreement when placed in a conflict • 29% of Peacemaker students viewed conflicts positively • 90% of Peacemaker students recalled 100% of the negotiation an dmediation procedures a few days after training • 75% of Peacemaker students recalled 100% of the negotiation an dmediation procedures a few days after training • 100% of the negotiation and mediation procedures viewed integrated into academic	 Booster Sessions Peer leadership, counsling or support Skill development 	Training: • N/A Materials: • N/A

Toon	Model Program—Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		18-55+	Mala and	African	Suburban	units, the conflict resolution training tends to increase academic achievement and long-term retention of the academic material.	• Paer Jegdershin	Training	
Team Awareness Universal Selective Indicated	Team Awareness is a workplace—training program that addresses behavioral risks associated with substance abuse among employees, their coworkers and, indirectly, their families. This program has been shown to increase employee help—seeking for and supervisor responsiveness to, troubled workers, enhance the work climate, and reduce problem drinking. These results are achieved by Promoting social health Promoting increased communication between workers Improving knowledge and attitudes toward alcohol—and drug—related protective factors in the workplace (such as company policy or Employee Assistance Programs) Increasing peer referral behaviors The training consists of six modules and is conducted across two 4—hour sessions with a company or business any size. Larger companies generally require multiple training sessions. Team Awareness is highly interactive and uses group discussion, communication exercises, a board game, role play, and self—assessments. Modules cover policy ownership, enabling, stress management, listening skills, and peer referral. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Fort Worth, TX 76109 Phone: (817) 921–4260 Email: owls@charter.net Web site: www.organizationalwellness.com Wayne E.K. Lehman, Ph.D. Institute of Behavioral Research Texas Christian University TCU Box 298740 Fort Worth, TX 76129 Phone: (817) 257–7226 Email: ibr@tcu.edu Web site: www.ibr.tcu.edu		Male and Female	African American Hispanic/Lat White	Suburban and Urban tiworkplaces	At six month follow up analysis, compared to a control group, employees who participated in the program were: Nearly three times less likely to work with or miss work due to a hangover Significantly less likely to come to work under the influence of illegal drugs or alcohol Two times as likely to decrease problem drinking behaviors Likely to double their help—seeking behavior Significantly more likely to work in	counseling or support • Workplace training • Focus groups	Training: • Facilitator training cost is \$1,250 per day plus travel expenses • Train the trainer costs are \$3,000, with reduced costs for multiple trainees Materials: • Materials are free for downloading at www.organizationalwellnes	

							groups that encourage coworkers to stop a drinking or drug habit • Coworkers were less likely to drink together		
Too Good For Drugs (TGFD) Universal	Too Good For Drugs (TGFD) is a school–based prevention program designed to reduce the intention to use alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drugs in middle and high school students. Developed by the Mendez Foundation for use with students in kindergarten through 12th grade (5 to 18 years old), TGFD has a separate, developmentally appropriate curriculum for each grade level, and is designed to develop: • Personal and interpersonal skills relating to alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drug use • Appropriate attitudes toward alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drug use • Knowledge of the negative consequences of alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drug use and benefits of a drug–free lifestyle • Positive peer norms The program's highly interactive teaching methods encourage students to bond with prosocial peers, and engages students through role–play, cooperative learning, games, small group activities and class discussions. Students have many opportunities to participate and receive recognition for involvement. TGFD also impacts students through a family component used in each grade level: "Home Workouts" is available for use with families in kindergarten through 8th grade, and "Home Pages" is used in high school. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S.Department of Health and Human Services Excellence in Prevention: American Medical Association Shining Star Award: Southeastern Drug–Free Schools	Susan K. Chase Director of Training Prevention Education Programs Mendez Foundation 601 S. Magnolia Avenue Tampa, FL 33606 Phone: (800) 750–0986 ext.206 Fax: (813) 251–3237 Email: schase@mendezfoundation.org Web site: www.mendezfoundation.org/ Cindy Coney Program Contact Prevention Education Programs Mendez Foundation	5–18	Male and Female	African American Asian American Hispanic/La Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI) White	Rural, Suburban, and Urban schools; aptional component for after—school settings	Reduced intentions to use cigarettes, alcohol, marijuana Reduced intentions to engage in aggressive behavior Improved decisionmaki goal setting, and peer resistance skills Increased friendships with peers less likely to use alcohol, tobacco, and illegal drugs	situations • Cooperative learning • Parental involvement	Training: • Training, with a purchase of \$1,500 or more in materials, costs \$1,500 plus expenses Materials: • \$100-\$130 for individual K-8 kits (see program Web site for details) • \$750 for Too Good For Drugs Violence High School Kit • \$595 for Too Good For Drugs Violence After-School Activities Kit • \$250 for Too Good For Drugs Violence Educators Kit (staff development)

	First Place in Prevention: Florida Alcohol and Drug Abuse Association/Department of Children and Families Best Practices Conference						
Trauma Focused Cognitive Behavior Therapy (TF-CBT) Selective Indicated	Trauma Focused Cognitive Behavior Therapy (TF-CBT) formerly Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Child and Adolescent Traumatic Stress (CBT-CATS) is a treatment intervention designed to help children, youth, and their parents overcome the negative effects of traumatic life events such as child sexual or physical abuse; traumatic loss of a loved one; domestic, school, or community violence; or exposure to disasters, terrorist attacks, or war trauma. It was developed by integrating cognitive and behavioral interventions with traditional child abuse therapies, in order to focus on enhancing children's interpersonal trust and re-empowerment. TF-CBT can be provided to children 3 to 18 years old, and their parents, by trained mental health professionals in individual, family, and group sessions in outpatient settings. CBT-CATS targets symptoms of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), which often co-occur with depression and acting-out behaviors. PTSD includes an array of anxiety symptoms as well as: • Intrusive thoughts of the traumatic event • Avoidance of reminders of the trauma • Emotional numbing • Excessive physical arousal/activity • Irritability • Trouble sleeping or concentrating The intervention also addresses issues commonly experienced by traumatized children, such as poor self-esteem, difficulty trusting others, mood instability, and self-injurious behavior, including substance use. Recognition Model Program: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Betty Elmer Award: Family Resources of Pittsburgh (Drs. Cohen and Mannarino) Greater Pittsburgh Psychological Association Legacy Award (Dr. Mannarino)	Judith Cohen, M.D. Professor of Psychiatry, Medical Director Center for Traumatic Stress in Children Adolescents 4 Allegheny Center, Room 864 Pittsburgh, PA 15212 Phone: (412) 330–4321 Fax: (412) 330–4377 Email: JCohen1@wpahs.org Anthony P. Mannarino, Ph.D. Professor of Psychiatry and Chair, Department of Psychiatry Center for Traumatic Stress in Children Adolescents Allegheny General Hospital 4 Allegheny Center, 8th floor Pittsburgh, PA 15212 Phone: (412) 330–4312 Fax: (412) 330–4377 Email: amannari@wpahs.org	ale and African American Hispanic. White	Rural, Suburban, Lat mod Urban clinical outpatient facilities	Significantly less acting—out behavior Significantly reduced PTSD symptoms Significantly greater improvement in depressive symptoms Significantly greater improvement in social competence Maintained these differential improvement over the year after treatment ended	support for their children • Prepares children to anticipate and cope with traumatic and	Training: • Training cost varies depending on length needed and number of participants; however, is estimated at \$1000 per day, per trainer for up to 25 participants. Materials: • Treatment manual and other materials cost \$50 total • Optional \$50 video or DVD

Outstanding Professional Award: American Professional Society on the Abuse of Children (Dr. Cohen)			
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